Curriculum for the Academic Year (2023-2024)

Subject: Early Childhood Care and Education

Class: XI

Learning Objectives: -

- 1) Learn about the importance of overall development of the child.
- 2) Respect children and their rights in diverse capabilities, social and cultural contexts. Apply safe working practices.
- 3) Explain nutritional and health needs of child, plan nutritional diets and provide first aid.
- 4) Describe the needs, growth & development of children between birth to six years in terms of physical, motor, language, social, emotional and cognitive development.

CONTENT	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOME
APRIL:- 18 Periods	Lecture Method and	Students will learn
	Writing the importance	about the critical
Introduction to Early	of holistic development.	periods & Rights of
Childhood care and		child.
Education	Brainstorming session.	
		Students will learn
Communication skills	PowerPoint	about different
		methods of
Practical : Making a	Hands on learning	communication,
report on the need of	ACTIVITY	communication
ECCE.		styles.

MAY:- 16 Periods;	Lecture Method.	Students will
	Writing of the complete	demonstrate
Self-Management	description and their	impressive approach
Skills	importance.	and grooming, Team
SKIIS		Work, Time
Practical : Complete	Experiential Learning	Management
the given tasks in the		strategies &
assigned time.		techniques.

JULY:- 22 Periods; Foundations Of Child Development Practical Make a project on any 1 area od Development	Lecture Method. Writing of different developmental stages and their milestones.	Introduce stages, milestones & basic vocabulary
AUGUST:- 23 Periods; ICT Skills	PowerPoint	Learn about optimal health ,common childhood illness, Prevention & Management , balanced
Nutrition and Health Needs of The Child	Experiential Learning	meal planning , importance of nutrition ,First Aid ,Hygiene
Project – Design a balanced diet platter for the given age		
group SEPTEMBER: -23	Lecture Method.	Learn about play, care &
Periods;	PowerPoint	practice from birth to 6 years.
Entrepreneurial Skills		
	Experiential Learning	
Various Pedagogical		
Approaches and Holistic		
Developmental activities		
for ECCE		
Practical – Make a		
project on any one of the		
pedagogical approach		

CONTENT	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOME
October:- 20 Periods;	Lecture and Demo Method	Students will know about E -waste management,
Green Skills Practical – Make a poster on E- waste		renewable energy, water management Role of government &
management. November:- 19 Periods;	Lecture and Demo	private sector.
Inside-outside care and	Method	health and safety, environment for stimulation and
Learning environment		learning
Practical- Design poster		
for the importance of		
play in ECCE		
December:- 22 Periods;	Lecture and Demo Method	Learn different ways to reach parents and how to send essential
Engaging with parents	Hands on learning	messages for parents and community
and the community		,
Practical – Designing		
forms and poster for		
parents		

January:- 18 Periods;		
Revision and preparation of Pre-Boards		
February:- 15 Periods;		
Recapitulation and preparation for final assessment		

Computer Science Class XI : 2023-24 Code No. – 083

Learning Outcomes :

At the end of this course, students will be able to:

- a. Develop basic computational thinking
- b. Explain and use data types
- c. Appreciate the notion of algorithm
- d. Develop a basic understanding of computer systems architecture, operating system and cloud computing
- e. Explain cyber ethics, cyber safety and cybercrime
- f. Understand the value of technology in societies along with consideration of gender and disability issues

CHAPTER	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOME
 Unit I: Computer Systems and Organisation Basic Computer Organisation: Introduction to computer system, hardware, software, input device, output device, CPU, memory (primary, cache and secondary), units of memory (Bit, Byte, KB, MB, GB, TB, PB) Types of software: system software (operating systems, system utilities, device drivers), programming tools and language translators (assembler, compiler & interpreter), application software Operating system (OS): functions of operating system, OS user interface 	 Lecture method Diagrammatic representation Group discussion Demonstration of activities 	The students will be able to -The concept of Basic Computer Organization -Types of software -Operating system and its functions

MONTH & NO. OF WORKING DAYS : APRIL - 18 DAYS

MONTH & NO. OF WORKING DAYS : MAY - 16 DAYS

CHAPTER	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOME
 Boolean logic: NOT, AND, OR, NAND, NOR, XOR, truth table, De Morgan's laws and logic circuits Number system: Binary, Octal, Decimal and Hexadecimal number system; conversion between number systems. Encoding schemes: ASCII, ISCII and UNICODE (UTF8, UTF32) Emerging trends: Cloud computing, cloud services (SaaS, IaaS, PaaS), blockchains, Artificial Intelligence (AI), Machine Learning (ML), Internet of Things (IoT) 	 Lecture method Practical method Pictorial demonstration Discussion Method 	The students will be able to ● Know Boolean logic, Number system, Encoding Scheme etc.

MONTH & NO. OF WORKING DAYS : JULY -22 DAYS

CHAPTER	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOME
 Unit II: Computational Thinking and Programming – 1 Introduction to problem solving: Steps for problem, developing an algorithm, coding, testing and debugging). representation of algorithms using flow chart and pseudo code, decomposition Familiarization with the basics of Python programming: Introduction to Python, features of Python, executing a simple "hello world" program, execution modes: interactive mode and script mode, Python 	 Lecture method Practical method Pictorial demonstration Discussion Method 	 The students will be able to Know basic features of Python programming. Develop small python programs like 'Hello Work'

character set, Pytho	n tokens
(keyword, identifier	literal,
operator, pui	nctuator),
variables, concept c	f I-value
and r-value, use of cor	nments

MONTH & NO. OF WORKING DAYS : AUGUST -23 DAYS

CHAPTER	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOME
 Knowledge of data types: number (integer, floating point, complex), boolean, sequence (string, list, tuple), none, mapping (dictionary), mutable and immutable data types Operators: arithmetic operators, logical operators, assignment operator, augmented assignment operators, identity operators (is, is not), membership operators (in, not in) Expressions, statement, type conversion & input/output: precedence of operators, expression, evaluation of expression, python statement, type conversion (explicit & implicit conversion), accepting data as input from the console and displaying output Errors: syntax errors, logical errors, runtime errors Flow of control: introduction, use of indentation, sequential flow, conditional and iterative flow control 	 Lecture method Practical method Pictorial demonstration Discussion Method 	The students will be able to • Learn data types in python programming language • Various operators used in python programming language • Learn expressions, statements in python programming • Know errors in python programming • Know flow of control in python programming

CHAPTER	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOME
 Conditional statements: if, ifelse, if-elif-else, flowcharts, simple programs: e.g.: absolute value, sort 3 numbers and divisibility of a number Iterative statements: for loop, range function, while loop, flowcharts, break and continue statements, nested loops, suggested programs: generating pattern, summation of series, finding the factorial of a positive number etc Strings: introduction, indexing, string operations (concatenation, repetition, membership & slicing), traversing a string using loops, built-in functions: len(), capitalize(), title(), lower(), upper(), count(), find(), index(), endswith(), isalpha(), isdigit(), islower(), isupper(), strip(), replace(), join(), partition(), split() 	 Lecture method Practical method Pictorial demonstration Discussion Method 	The students will be able to • know conditional statement, iterative statement in python programming • Know use of string with its various functions

MONTH & NO. OF WORKING DAYS : SEPTEMBER -23 DAYS

MONTH & NO. OF WORKING DAYS : OCTOBER - 20 DAYS

CHAPTER	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOME
• Lists: introduction, indexing, list operations (concatenation, repetition, membership & slicing), traversing a list using loops, built-in functions: len(), list(), append(), extend(), insert(), count(), index(), remove(), pop(), reverse(), sort(), sorted(), min(), max(), sum(); nested lists, suggested programs: finding the	 Lecture method Practical method Pictorial demonstration Discussion Method 	 The students will be able to Know about list with its various useful functions Know about tuples with its various useful functions

maximum, minimum, mean of
numeric values stored in a list;
inear search on list of numbers
and counting the frequency of
elements in a list
• Tuples: introduction,
ndexing, tuple operations
concatenation, repetition,
membership & slicing), built-in
unctions: len(), tuple(),
count(), index(), sorted(), min(),
<pre>max(), sum(); tuple assignment,</pre>
nested tuple, suggested
programs: finding the
minimum, maximum, mean of
values stored in a tuple; linear
search on a tuple of numbers,
counting the frequency of
elements in a tuple

CHAPTER	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOME
 Dictionary: introduction, accessing items in a dictionary using keys, mutability of dictionary (adding a new item, modifying an existing item), traversing a dictionary, built-in functions: len(), dict(), keys(), values(), items(), get(), update(), del(), clear(), fromkeys(), copy(), pop(), popitem(), setdefault(), max(), min(), count(), sorted(), copy(); suggested programs : count the number of times a character appears in a given string using a dictionary, create a dictionary with names of employees, their salary and access them Sorting techniques: Bubble and Insertion sort Introduction to Python 	 Lecture method Practical method Pictorial demonstration Discussion Method 	The students will be able to • to do programs by using dictionary with its various useful functions. • know sorting techniques • Know python modules and their uses

modules: Importing module using 'import ' and using from
statement, Importing math module (pi, e, sqrt, ceil, floor,
pow, fabs, sin, cos, tan); random module (random, randint, randrange), statistics
module (mean, median, mode)

MONTH & NO. OF WORKING DAYS : DECEMBER - 22 DAYS

CHAPTER	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOME
Unit III: Society, Law and Ethics	• Lecture method	The students will be able to
• Digital Footprints	 Practical method 	• Know the impact of internet
• Digital society and Netizen: net etiquettes, communication	 Pictorial demonstration 	on society, ● Know law and ethics related
etiquettes, social media	 Discussion Method 	to cyber world.
 etiquettes Data protection: Intellectual Dreport: Dickt (comprised) 		 Aware of Cyber Crime, Cyber Safety and Safely accessing the web sites.
Property Right (copyright, patent, trademark), violation of IPR (plagiarism, copyright infringement, trademark infringement), open source softwares and licensing (Creative Commons, GPL and Apache)		• Know about information technology and Information Technology Act (IT ACT)
• Cyber-crime: definition, hacking, eavesdropping, phishing and fraud emails, ransomware, preventing cyber crime		
• Cyber safety: safely browsing the web, identity protection, confidentiality, cyber trolls and bullying.		
 Safely accessing web sites: malware, viruses, trojans, adware 		
• E-waste management: proper disposal of used electronic gadgets		

 Indian Information Technology Act (IT Act) 	
• Technology & Society: Gender and disability issues while teaching and using computers	

MONTH & NO. OF WORKING DAYS : JANUARY -18 DAYS

CHAPTER	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOME
 Preparing of Practical file (containing at least best 20 python programs and at least 10 SQL queries Preparing of Project report 	 Lecture method Practical method Pictorial demonstration Discussion Method 	 The students will be able to Prepare practical file Prepare Project report

Informatics Practices CLASS XI _ 2023-24 Code No. 065

Learning Outcomes :

At the end of this course, students will be able to:

- Identify the components of the Computer System.
- Create Python programs using different data types, lists and dictionaries.
- Explain what is 'data' and analyse using NumPy.
- Explain database concepts and Relational Database Management Systems.
- Retrieve and manipulate data in RDBMS using Structured Query Language
- Identify the Emerging trends in the fields of Information Technology.

MONTH & NO. OF WORKING DAYS : APRIL - 18 DAYS

CHAPTER	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOME
Unit 1: Introduction to Computer System and computing: Evolution of computing devices, components of a computer system and their interconnections, Input/Output devices. Computer Memory: Units of memory, types of memory – primary and secondary, data deletion, its recovery and related security concerns. 2 Software: purpose and types – system and application software, generic and specific purpose software.	 Lecture method Practical method Pictorial demonstration Discussion Method 	 The students will be able to Know about components of a computer system, input output devices, types of memories Know about type of software

MONTH & NO. OF WORKING DAYS : MAY -16 DAYS

CHAPTER	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOME
Unit 2: Introduction to Python Basics of Python programming, Python interpreter - interactive and script mode, the structure of a program, indentation, identifiers, keywords, constants, variables, types of operators, precedence of	 Lecture method Practical method Pictorial demonstration Discussion Method 	The students will be able to● Learn Python Basics

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MONTH & NO. OF WORKING DAYS : JULY -22 DAYS

CHAPTER	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOME
Lists: list operations - creating, initializing, traversing and manipulating lists, list methods and built-in functions.: len(), list(), append(), extend(), insert(), count(), find(), remove(), pop(), reverse(), sort(), sorted(), min(), max(), sum() Dictionary: concept of key-value pair, creating, initializing, traversing, updating and deleting elements, dictionary methods and built-in functions: len(), dict(), keys(), values(), items(), get(), update(), clear(), del()	 Lecture method Practical method Pictorial demonstration Discussion Method 	The students will be able to • Know list operations with its various useful functions

MONTH & NO. OF WORKING DAYS : AUGUST -23 DAYS

CHAPTER	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOME
Unit 3: Data Handling using NumPy	• Lecture method	The students will be able to
Data and its purpose, importance of data, structured	 Practical method Pictorial demonstration 	 Learn data handling using NumPy
and unstructured data, data processing cycle, basic statistical methods for understanding data - mean, median, mode, standard	 Discussion Method 	• Learn Various mathematical and statistical operations with its various useful methods
deviation and variance. Introduction to NumPy library, NumPy arrays and their advantage, NumPy attributes,		userur methous
creation of NumPy arrays; from lists using np.array(), np.zeros(),		

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MONTH & NO. OF WORKING DAYS : SEPTEMBER - 23 DAYS

CHAPTER	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOME
Unit 4: Database concepts and the Structured Query Language Database Concepts: Introduction to database concepts and its need, Database Management System. Relational data model: concept of attribute, domain, tuple, relation, candidate key, primary key, alternate key, foreign key. Structured Query Language: Data Definition	 Lecture method Practical method Pictorial demonstration Discussion Method 	The students will be able to • know database concept (i.e. Database Management System) • Know various keys constraints used in a database with their purposes.
Language, Data Query Language and Data Manipulation Language.		

MONTH & NO. OF WORKING DAYS : OCTOBER -20 DAYS

CHAPTER	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOME
Introduction to MySQL: Creating a database, using database, showing tables using MySQL, Data Types : char, varchar, int, float, date Data Definition Commands: CREATE, DROP, ALTER (Add and Remove primary key, attribute). Data Query Commands: SELECT-FROM- WHERE, LIKE, BETWEEN, IN, ORDER BY, using	 Lecture method Practical method Pictorial demonstration Discussion Method 	 The students will be able to Create a database with various DDL queries Manage a database with various DML queries

arithmetic, logical, relational
operators and NULL values in
queries, Distinct clause Data
Manipulation Commands: INSERT,
UPDATE, DELETE.

MONTH & NO. OF WORKING DAYS : NOVEMBER - 19 DAYS

CHAPTER	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOME
Unit 5: Introduction to the Emerging Trends Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Natural Language Processing, Immersive experience (AR, VR), Robotics, Big data and its characteristics, Internet of Things (IoT), Sensors, Smart cities, Cloud Computing and Cloud Services (SaaS, IaaS, PaaS); Grid Computing, Block chain technology.	 Lecture method Practical method Pictorial demonstration Discussion Method 	The students will be able to • aware about various online activities, their management and their impact on our society

MONTH & NO. OF WORKING DAYS : DECEMBER -22 DAYS

CHAPTER	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOME
 Preparing of Practical file (containing at least best 20 python programs and at least 10 SQL queries Preparing of Project report 	 Lecture method Practical method Pictorial demonstration Discussion Method 	 The students will be able to Prepare practical file Prepare Project report

CURRICULUM 2023-24 SUBJECT : <u>MATHEMATICS</u> <u>CLASS : XI</u>

Objectives :

The aims of teaching and learning mathematics are to encourage and enable students to:

- Acquire knowledge and critical understanding, particularly by way of a motivation and visualization, of basic concepts, terms, principles, symbols and mastery of underlying processes and skills.
- To feel the flow of reasons while proving a result and solving a problem.
- To apply the knowledge and skills acquired to solve problems and where ever possible, by more than one method.
- To develop positive attitude to think, analyze and articulate logically.
- To develop interest in the subject by participating in related competitions.
- To acquaint students with different aspects of Mathematics in daily life.
- To develop an interest in students to study Mathematics as a discipline.
- To develop reverence and respect towards great Mathematicians for their contributions to the field of Mathematics.

Month: APRIL

No. of working days: 18

Chapter	Methodology	Learning Outcomes
UNIT – 6	Chalk-blackboard method	Measures of Dispersion: Range. Moan
Chapter 14 Statistics	Link previous knowledge with new concepts	deviation, variance and standard deviation of ungrouped/grouped data. Analysis of frequency distributions with equal means but different
Statistics	Videos	variances.

UNIT- 6	Chalk-blackboard method	Random experiments; outcomes, sample
Chapter 15 Probability	Link previous knowledge with new concepts and Videos	spaces (set representation). Events, occurrence o events, not, and and or events, exhaustive events, mutually exclusive events, Axiomatic (se theoretic) probability, connections with other theories of earlier classes. Probability of an event probability of 'not', 'and' and 'or' events,
Month May	No of working d	ave: 16

Month: May

No. of working days: 16

Chapte	Methodology	Learning Outcomes
r		
UNIT – 1	Chalk-blackboard method	Sets and their representations, Empty set Finite
		and Infinite sets, Equal sets. Subsets, Subsets of
Chapter 1	Link previous knowledge with	a set of real numbers especially intervals (with
Sets	new concepts	notations) Power set Universal set. Venn
Sets	Videos	diagrams Union and Intersection of sets
	Videos	Difference of sets. Complement of a set.
		Properties of complement.

Month: July No. of working days: 22

UNIT-1 Chapter 2 Relations and Functions	Chalk-blackboard method Link previous knowledge with new concepts Videos	Ordered pairs. Cartesian product of sets. Number of elements in the Cartesian product of two finite sets. Cartesian product of the set of reals with itself (upto R x R x R). Definition of relation pictorial diagrams, domain, co-domain and range of a relation. Function as a special type of relation Pictoral representation of a function, domain, co-domain and range of a function. Real valued functions, domain and range of these functions, constant, identity, polynomial, rational modulus, signum exponential, logarithmic and greatest integer
		functions, with their graphs. Sum difference product and quotients of functions

UNIT-1 Chapter 3 Trigonometric Functions	Chalk-blackboard method Link previous knowledge with new concepts Videos	Positive and negative angles. Measuring angles in radians and in degrees and conversion from one measure to another. Definition of trigonometric functions with the help of unit circle. Truth of the identity sin2x cos2x = 1, for all x. Signs of trigonometric functions. Domain and range of trigonometric functions and their graphs. Expressing sin (x ± y) and cos (x ± y) in terms of sinx, siny. cosx & cosy and their simple applications. Deducing identities like the following: tan(x ± y) = tan x ± tan y/(1 ∓ tanx.tany), cot (x + y) = cotxcoty ∓ 1/(coty ±cotx) sina±sinb= 2sin2(a± b)cos2(a∓ b) cosa + cosb = 2cos2(a + b)cos2(a - b) cosa-cosb = -2sin2(a+b)sin (a-b) Identities related to sin2x. cos2x, tan2 x sin3x cos3x and tan3x General solution of trigonometric equations of the type siny sina, cosy cosa and tany= tana
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Chapter	Methodology	
UNIT- 2 Chapter 5	Chalk-blackboard method	Need for complex numbers, especially $\sqrt{-1}$, to be motivated by inability to solve some of the
Complex -	Link previous knowledge with new concepts	quardratic equations. Algebraic properties of complex numbers Argand plane.
Numbers and	Videos	
Quadratic		
equations		
UNIT – 2	Chalk-blackboard method	Linear inequalities: Algebraic solutions of linear inequalities in one variable and their
Chapter 6	Link previous knowledge with new concepts	representation on the number line.
Linear Inequalities	Videos	

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Chapter	Methodology	Learning Outcomes
UNIT- 2	Chalk-blackboard method	Fundamental principle of counting. Factorial n. (n!) Permutations and combinations, derivation
Chapter7	Link previous knowledge	of Formulae for nPr, and nCr, and their
Permutaions	with new concepts	connections, simple applications
and combinations	Videos	_
UNIT – 2	Chalk-blackboard method	Historical perspective, statement and proof of
Chapter 7 Binomial Theorem	Link previous knowledge with new concepts	the binomial theorem for positive integral indices Pascal's triangle and simple applications
	Videos	

<u>Term-1 examinations will be conducted from the third week of September.</u>

Month: OCTOBBER No. of working days: 20

Chapte	Methodology	Learning Outcomes
r		
UNIT- 2	Chalk-blackboard method	Sequence and Series. Arithmetic Progression (
		AP) Arithmetic Mean (AM) Geometric
Chapter 8	Link previous knowledge with	Progression (GP), general term of a GP sum of
	new concepts	n terms of a G.P. infinite
Sequence and Series	Videos	G.P and its sum, geometric mean (GM),
		relation between A.M. and G.M.

Month: NOVEMBER

No. of working days: 19

Chapter	Methodology	Learning Outcomes
UNIT – 3 Chapter 9 Straight Lines	Chalk-blackboard method Link previous knowledge with new concepts Videos	Brief recall of two dimensional geometry from earlier classes. Slope of a line and angle between two lines Various forms of equations of a line parallel to axis, point-slope form, slope-intercept form, two-point form, intercept form. Distance of a point from a line.
UNIT – 3 Chapter 10 Conic Sections	Chalk-blackboard method Link previous knowledge with new concepts Videos	Sections of a cone: circles, ellipse, parabola, hyperbola, a point, a straight line and a pair of intersecting lines as a degenerated case of a conic section Standard equations and simple properties of parabola, ellipse and hyperbola Standard equation of a circle.

Month: DECEMBER No. of working days: 22

Chapter	Methodology	Learning Outcomes
UNIT – 3 Chapter 11	Chalk-blackboard method	Coordinate axes and coordinate planes in three dimensions. Coordinates of a point. Distance between two points and section
Introduction to	Link previous knowledge with new concepts	formula
three- dimensional	Videos	
geometry		
UNIT- 4	Chalk-blackboard method	Derivative introduced as rate of change both as
Chapter 12	Link previous knowledge with new concepts	that of distance function and geometrically, intutive idea of imit. Limits of polynomials and rational functions trigonometric, exponential
Limits and	Videos	and logarithmic functions. Definition of
Derivatives		derivative relate it to scope of tangent of the curve, derivative of sum, difference, product and quotient of functions. Derivatives of polynomial and trigonometric functions.

<u>PRACTICE EXAM</u>: Month:

January 2024 No. of working days:18

DAV PUBLIC SCHOOL BRIJ VIHAR Curriculum Economics 2023-24 Class-XI

Learning Objectives:

Understanding of the most basic economic concepts and development of economic reasoning which the learners can apply in the day to day life as citizens, workers and consumers.

Realization of learners' role in nation building and sensitivity to the economic issues that the nation is facing today.

Equipment with basic tools of economics and statistics to analyze economic issues This is pertinent for even those who may not pursue this course beyond senior secondary stage.

Development of understanding that there can be more than one view on any economic issue and necessary skills to argue logically and with reasoning.

TOPIC	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOMES
INTRODUCTION: STATISTICS- Meaning and scope of statistics.	Taking examples explain what The subject matter of economics is all about. To make students understand how economics is linked with the study of economic activities in consumption production and distribution. Discuss in class how knowledge of statistics can help in describing consumption production and distribution. Taking in examples and relating it to how some uses of statistics helps in the understanding of economic activities. Explaining the meaning and purpose of data collection,by	Enables the students to understand the relationship between economics and statistics. They will be able to establish the importance of statistics in economic activities. Students can relate the statistics with the process of consumption, production and distribution. They will be able to chalk out how

COLLECTION OF DATA	taking examples, Distinguishing between primary and secondary sources of data. To discuss the mode of collection of data and hence differentiate between sample	statistics is related to economics , business planning ,economic planning etc.
	and census surveys. Discussing the various techniques of sampling	Students will be able to understand the purpose of collection of the data. They will be able to give examples to differentiate between primary and secondary data. Students will understand how to collect the data for statistical study. They will be able to know the techniques of sampling. Chalk out the important sources of secondary data.

MONTH: MAY,23

TOPIC	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOMES
CLASSIFICATION OF DATA	Explaining the difference between quantitative and qualitative classification. Preparing a frequency distribution table by showing on black board. Numerical examples will be taken to get students familiar with the method of tally making, discrete, continuous	Enable the students to differentiate between quantitative and qualitative classification. The students will be able to construct a frequency distribution table.

	series, cumulative series. Taking numerical examples, the difference between univariate and bivariate frequency distribution will be explained.	Enable to differentiate between discrete and continuous series. Enable They will also be able to construct the bivariate and univariate frequency distribution table
PRESENTATION OF DATA TABULATION, DIAGRAMMATIC GRAPHIC PRESENTATION	A flowchart of various types of presentations will be explained. The example of tables will be taken and the e.g., will be discussed in the class on the blackboard. The flowchart of different types of diagrams used in statistical analysis will be discussed Examples of each diagram presentation will be taken on the blackboard and the students will be asked to draw the diagram accordingly	Enable the students to chalk out various types of presentations They will be able to draw tables Differentiate between different types of diagrams. Enable them to construct graphs.

One activity/field survey will be done by the students , on framing a Questionnaire and doing a survey on at least 20 Teachers to find out their preference of any consumer product and interpret the result .

MONTH: JULY,23

TOPIC	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOMES
MEASURE OF CENTRAL TENDENCY	Explaining the students need for one single number summarizing the whole set of data	Understand the meaning of averages. Students will be able

	Taking examples and explaining how to recognize and distinguish between different types of Averages. Explain to the students how meaningful conclusions can be drawn from a set of data. Various numerical examples will be taken to explain how to calculate Average in	to explain how a single number represents the whole set of data. Enable the students to find out averages numerically in different types of series. They will be able to differentiate between different types of averages. Enable the students to explain properties of AM With the help of
MEDIAN AND MODE	different types of series Explaining the concept of partition values by taking examples. Taking a numerical example concept of Median will be explained. Methodology of calculating Median will be explained in different types of series. Definition of Mode will be taken up by taking	examples. Enable the students to understand the concept of partition values and its relevance in statistics. Enable the students to do numerical on Median and Mode.
	examples of real-life situations. Taking numerical examples, the method of calculating Mode will be explained. Explain locating median and mode diagrammatically By drawing on black board.	Locate median and mode diagrammatically.
MICROECONOMICS	Taking Examples	Enable the students to

CENTRAL PROBLEMS OF	explain the concept of Micro and Macro Economics	differentiate between micro and macro economics
ECONOMY	Taking various situations explaining the concept of positive and normative economics	Students will be able to give examples of positive and normative economics
PRODUCTION POSSIBILITY CURVE	Asking students about various problems faced by every economy and thus relating to central problems of an economy Production possibility Curve asking the students various questions related to possibilities to cook different dishes and relating to PPC. Constructing diagram and explaining the curve	Explain the problems of What to produce How to produce For whom to produce In various economic systems Construct PPC and explain the curve and points on PPC

MONTH: AUGUST,23

TOPIC	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOMES
CONSUMER EQUILIBRIUM- UTILITY	Taking day to day examples introduce concept of utility	Differentiate between different types of utility
APPROACH	Using schedule and blackboard with help of diagram explain relationship	Enable the students to calculate TU and MU
	between TU and MU	They will be able to calculate TU and MU
	Using concept of MU explaining the law of diminishing marginal utility	Enable them to establish the relationship between
	Taking real life examples explaining the concept of	TU and MU
	consumers equilibrium Using MU approach	Students will be able to tell the conditions for consumers

	Both 1 commodity case and 2 commodity case	equilibrium for 1 and 2 commodity case
	Taking numerical examples explains how to attain equilibrium in 1 and 2 commodity cases.	Enable them to numerically calculate consumers equilibrium in 1 and 2 commodity
INDIFFERENCE CURVE APPROACH	Starting the chapter with budget and asking questions on budget from students. Explaining the meaning of budget set, budget constraint, budget line	case
	Explaining them about preferences and how preferences must play an important role in finding out consumers equilibrium with indifference approach	Enable students to define budget line, budget set , budget
		equation
	Using numerical values to construct budget line and indifference curve using black board	Student will be able to tell the importance of consumers preference and budget line in finding out consumers equilibrium
	Showing the students on the black board how consumer's equilibrium is calculated with the help of budget line and indifference curve	Construct the diagram showing consumer's equilibrium in indifference analysis
	Explaining them the conditions of consumer's equilibrium and why it is so with the help of diagram Meaning of Demand will be	Chalk out the conditions for consumers equilibrium in indifference analysis

	introduced by taking examples Various factors affecting demand will be taken up using examples to explain their impact on Demand	Construct the diagram showing consumers equilibrium in indifference analysis
DEMAND CONCEPT	Using black board schedule will be used to explain the concept of demand schedule and demand curve (individual and market) both. Law of demand will be explained using demand schedule Using diagrams on black board concept of change in Demand and change in Quantity Demanded will be taught changes in demand will be shown in diagram and explained.	Differentiate between demand and desire draw demand curve relate demand to various factors affecting demand. By constructing a diagram of the demand curve and showing change in demand and change in quantity demanded.

MONTH: SEPTEMBER,23

TOPIC	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOMES
ELASTICITY OF DEMAND	Asking students questions on how much change in demand takes place as a result of change in price Relating this discussion with Ed ,concept of Ed will be explained in class	Enable students to differentiate between desire and Demand Chalk out the factors which affect Demand Differentiate between

		normal and inferior
	Various examples will be given to the students and asked about there Ed	normal and inferior goods substitute and complementary goods
	Various degrees of Ed will be explained with the help of diagram explaining concept of slope of	Draw the demand schedule and the demand curve
	Ed will be numerically explained with percentage method and total outlay method	Give reasons for the downward slope the demand curve
	Various egs of numericals will be taken up on the black board to explain how to measure Ed.	Students will be able to measure Ed numerically
PRODUCERS BEHAVIOUR,	Explaining the meaning of production function	Define production function
PRODUCTION FUNCTION, PRODUCT CONCEPT	Taking factors affecting production and asking students how it affects production	Establish relationship between TPP and MPPusing diagram
	Taking examples of production schedule to explain the concept	Draw curves of TPP,MPPand APP
	of TPP,MPP,APPDraw the diagram of TPP,MPP APP and explain the relationship between TPP,MPPandAPP Law of production will be explained using the schedule of TPPand MPP in the short run.	Enable the students to chalk out various phases of law of variable proportions
		They will be able to calculate MPP,APPand TPP Chalk out in which phase producer would like to produce.
COST CONCEPT AND	Concept of cost and revenue will be taken up by using live examples and cost and	Enable the students to define cost and revenue

REVENUE CONCEPT	revenue schedules will be used supported by curves to explain the concept of cost and revenue on the black board.	Differentiate between various cost concepts Establish relationships between TC,MC,AC using curves and schedules.
	Revenue curves will be discussed in reference to	Draw TR,MR and AR curves and understand the relationship between them.
	various forms of markets.	Draw the AR and MR curves in various markets and explain why the shape is so .
PRODUCERS EQUILIBRIUM	Asking questions from students regarding where the producer would like to produce and hence introduce the topic of Producers equilibrium	Enable the students to define producer''s equilibrium
PRODUCERS EQUILIBRIUM USING MR AND MC APPROACH	Taking example of perfect competition market schedule students will be asked to draw diagram	Enable the students to draw diagrams showing producers equilibrium usingMR and MC curves.
	Using diagram producer equilibrium will be explained using MR and MC.	Students will be able to tell why MP=MC, when MC curve cuts MR from below is the point of producers equilibrium
REVISION FOR HALF YEARLY EXAM		

MONTH: OCTOBER 2023

TOPIC	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOMES
SUPPLY	Meaning of Supply will be introduced by taking examples	Enable students to differentiate between stock and supply
	Various factors affecting supply will be taken up using	Chalk out the factors which affect supply
	examples to explain their impact on supply	Differentiate between normal and inferior
	Using black board schedule will be used to explain the concept of supply schedule	goods substitute and complementary goods
	and supply curve (individual and market)	Draw the supply schedule and the supply curve
	Law of supply will be explained using supply schedule	Give reasons for the upward slope the supply curve
	Using diagrams on black board concept of change in supply and change in Quantity supplied will be taught	Differentiate between change in supply and change in quantity supply using diagram
		Enable them to show changes on the supply curve as a result of change in factors affecting supply.
ELASTICITY OF SUPPLY(Es)	Asking students questions on how much change in supply takes place as a	Define Es and chalk out the factors affecting Es
	result of change in price Relating this discussion with Es,concept of Es will be	Students will be able to tell degree of Es of various goods

	explained in class Various examples will be given to the students and asked about their Es	Students will be able to tell the values of various degrees of Es
	Various degrees of Es will be explained with the help of diagram explaining concept of slope of Es also with it	Enable students to draw the slope of various degrees of Es
	Examples of numericals will be taken up on the black board to explain how to measure Es, mathematically and interpret the result.	Enable students to mathematically calculate Es and interpret the result.
VARIOUS MARKET FORMS: PERFECT COMPETITION,	Asking questions from students about various markets and thus introducing the various market forms on the basis of competition	Define market on the basis of competition in the market Chalk out the features
	Discussing meaning of perfect market form and explaining the implications of the features	and its implications in perfect market
	Using diagram explaining how prices are determined by the slope of the demand curve in perfect market form.	Draw the diagrams of how prices are determined in perfect market form.

MONTH:NOVEMBER 23

TOPIC	LEARNING OUTCOMES
EQUILIBRIUM PRICE	Students will be able to show with

	be determined by Demand and Supply.	the help of a diagram, how equilibrium price and quantity is determined.
	Drawing diagram on black board explain how equilibrium price quantity is determined .	Enable them to draw diagrams, showing the effect of changes in DD and SS on equilibrium price and quantity.
	Using diagrams explaining how with the change in DD and SS equilibrium price and quantity will be affected.	Draw the curves showing situation of excess and deficient DD
	Explaining the concept of Excess and Deficient Demand with the help of examples and diagrams and also how this situation is rectified by the government.	Students will be able to chalk out the steps taken by the government in the situation of excess and deficient DD.
CORRELATION	Explain the meaning of correlation using examples. Examples will be taken to explain	Enable the students to understand the meaning of
	the relationship between two variables.	correlation. Enable them to establish relationships
	Types of correlation will be explained by examples and infographics.	between the variables e.g positive and negative

Infographics will be used to explain scatter diagrams.	correlation.
Numerical examples will be used to explain how to measure correlation by different methods.	Enable the students to estimate the degree of correlation through scatter diagrams.
Through infographics analyze the degree and direction of the relationship between the variables.	Enable them to calculate coeff of correlation and tell the degree of correlation between them.

Project will be given on any of the topics of Microeconomics.

MONTH :DECEMBER 23

TOPIC	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOMES
INDEX NUMBERS	Explain the meaning of index numbers	Enable the students to define index numbers
	Taking examples of few index numbers and asking students to tell about them	They will give examples of some index numbers and where they are used.
	Through numerical examples measuring index numbers will be explained.	Chalk Out the formulas for index numbers.
	Discussing usage of index numbers in the Economy.	Enable them to calculate various index numbers numerically .

REVISION FOR PRACTICE EXAMSPractice of subjective and objective type tests will be given through pen and paper tests.DAV Sample paper will be discussed in class	Students will be doing the sample paper in their registers .
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MONTH:JANUARY, 2024

NO OF WORKING DAYS:18

TOPIC	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOMES
PRACTICE EXAMS	Sample papers will be discussed in class . Practice of competency based questions will be given.	Enable them to attempt competency based questions.

MONTH: FEBRUARY 2024

TOPIC	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OBJECTIVES
ASSESSMENT OF FINAL PROJECT WILL BE DONE.	Viva will be taken from the project and project reports will be assessed	
ANNUAL EXAM FEBRUARY, 24		

CURRICULUM OF ENGLISH

CLASS

XI

2023-24

General Objective: To lead the learners to substantiate an understanding of the connection between writing and thinking and demonstrate effectiveness in using verbal and non-verbal language appropriate to the goal.

- Improve communication between student – student and teacher-student.

- To develop academic skills.

- To enhance the students' knowledge of subject content.

.To read literature with an appreciation for inter-relatedness of plot ,characters,theme and style.

APRIL 18 DAYS		
PROJECTED CONTENT	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOMES
The Portrait of a Lady [Hornbill]	The session would begin with an interactive session wherein the learners would interpret the title of the lesson. The background knowledge of the author and his works would be given. The facilitator would develop the chain of events, with TEXT sequence or discourse/spoken with reference to the educational and personal domains. Difficult words and terms would be discussed. The prose will be explained. All possible questions and answers would be discussed and assigned. Enriching Vocabulary: veritable bedlam of chirruping, frivolous rebukes, serenity, seclusion with resignation, sagging skins of dilapidated drum.	They would develop their optimistic attitude towards life amidst many struggles. Will be able to develop an attitude to become more independent in thought and action, responsible and cooperative, understanding and tolerance, improved working relations respect for identities in relation to other people.
Poetry: A Photograph [Hornbill]	Pre-reading activity would be the first step wherein the students would delve deep into the title of the poem and	The students would be able to grasp the theme and meaning of the poem. They would be able to

make an interpretation of the title as it indicates the subject and theme.(student-teacher interaction)read the poem with proper tone and rhyme and develop an interest in poetry. Their vocabulary would be be able to draw a comparative study between human life and nature. They would be discussed. The poem would be iread aloud with proper intonation rhyme and rhythm.read the poet rhey would be able to study a photographDifficult terms and words would be explained so that the students can predict the atmosphere of the world inside the poem. The poem would be explained covering the phrases, sentences and discourse as well as their structuring. Silent reading of the poem by the students within five minutes and listing the difficult terms. The figures of speech and rhyme scheme would be discussed. WORD JOURNEY: paddling, transient, perennial, labored ease, wry, snapshot.The students would be able to learn how to overcome the direst stress by keeping optimistic Approach. Line to line explanation.		
We're Not Afraid to die if We can all be togetherThe session will start with the warm up questions: Importance of Courage. Optimistic Approach.The students would be able to learn how to overcome the direst stress by keeping optimistic approach.	the title as it indicates the subject and theme.(student- teacher interaction) They would compare the previous lesson The Portrait of a Lady with the title of the poem. The background of the poet would be discussed. The poem would be read aloud with proper intonation rhyme and rhythm. Difficult terms and words would be explained so that the students can predict the atmosphere of the world inside the poem. The poem would be explained covering the phrases, sentences and discourse as well as their structuring. Silent reading of the poem by the students within five minutes and listing the difficult terms. The figures of speech and rhyme scheme would be discussed. WORD JOURNEY: paddling, transient, perennial, labored ease, wry,	proper tone and rhyme and develop an interest in poetry. Their vocabulary would be strengthened. They would be able to draw a comparative study between human life and nature. They would be able to study a
We can all be togetherthe warm up questions:to learn how to overcomeImportance of Courage.the direst stress by keepingOptimistic Approach.optimistic approach.	MAY 16 DAYS	
	the warm up questions: Importance of Courage. Optimistic Approach.	to learn how to overcome the direst stress by keeping

The Summer of the Beautiful White Horse	The session would begin with an interactive phase wherein the learners would interpret the title of the story. The background of the author would be given. The story would be read aloud. The theme and underlying meaning would be discussed. Difficult words would be listed and explained. The moral of the story would be discussed. Vocabulary Enrichment: magnificence, wealthiest, pious, stillness, humor, irrigation ditches, crazy streak, enormous, capricious, vagrant.	The learners would be able to apply the literal, interpretative and critical level in analyzing a short story. They would be able to determine the tone of a short story. They would be able to comprehend the irony hidden in the story.
GRAMMAR: Determiners.	The session would be started with an audio- visual song of determiners. Quiz on determiners would be conducted. The learners would be asked to arrive at the rules. (Inductive method) The purpose and functions of the different types of determiners would be discussed with examples	The learners would be able to identify determiners and use them appropriately The comprehending skills would be improved. Sentence construction skills would be strengthened.
	JULY 22 DAYS	
Classified Advertisements & Poster Making	 Motivate students to write and express effectively. Develop knowledge & purpose of writing Ads 	Pre-Activity 1.Cut ours of different Ads will be shown to the students and discussion of differences 2.Students will be explained about the format and appropriate vocabulary and expression.

The Address [Snapshots]	The teacher will enable the students to comprehend the chapter. Appreciate the theme and message conveyed . Understand the effects of war.	The learners would be able to understand the consequences of war.
WRITING SKILLS: Speech Writing	The session would start with a pre- writing activity to create an interest towards writing. The teacher would define what a speech is and discuss the purpose of article writing. The different styles, subjects, purpose of article writing would be discussed. The teacher would explain the technique of accumulating ideas, focusing on ideas and facts, planning, organizing, evaluating, structuring and editing. They would be taught the importance and way of producing a finished piece of work with examples. The requirements of the content, beginning, body and end would be focused.	The students would develop an interest towards writing. Their planning and organizing techniques would be enhanced. They would be able to research on any subject and derive information from facts and present him in the form of a written piece. Their creative writing would be analyzed. The interpreting and evaluative skills would be strengthened.

and clauses would be

READING SKILLS: Note Making	In the beginning of the session, a text would be provided to the students to read and involve in note making to test previous knowledge. The facilitator would train the students to read a text minutely, or listen carefully to select, analyze and summarize	The learners would be able to differentiate between annotation, outline notes, column notes, mind maps and summary notes from a text. They would be able to use the note taking suggestions to develop good notes based on
	making notes would be discussed: Annotation, outline notes, column notes, mind maps and summary notes.	
AUGUST 23 DAYS		

Discovering Tut The Saga continues [Hornbill]	To make the students understand the advancement in technology. To know about Egyptian belief.	The students would be able to grasp the theme and meaning of the prose. Their critical and creative thinking skills would be enhanced. They would be able to derive the moral values. They will be ready to accept the reality of life. Their vocabulary would be enriched. They would enhance their writing skills.
[Snapshots] Play-Mother's Day	The session would begin with warm up questions: Mother works from morning till night catering to the needs of everyone. Do we ever realize that she is also a human being and needs rest? Then line to line explanation of the chapter will be given.	The students will be able to understand the importance of Mother.
WRITING Debate writing	The format, rules, technique would be discussed with examples.	The learners would be able to organize their thoughts and express freely. They would develop

	The usage of language would be taught and students would be assigned written tasks.	an interest towards writing thus enhancing their writing skills. Their thinking skills would be enhanced.
GRAMMAR:	The session would begin with	They will be able to
Sentence	few sentences read out by	participate in the class
Reordering	the teacher and written on	discussion actively.
	the interactive board.	They will be able to
	(Brain boosters)	identify errors and
	The teacher would wait for	frame grammatically
	the students' responses to	correct sentences.
	know whether they are able	
	to point the errors.	
	The teacher discusses the	
	errors and comes to the	
	rules. (inductive Learning)	

SEPTEMBER 23 DAYS		
Poem-The laburnum Top	The teacher will start the poem by telling the students about importance of nature. How to seek pleasure from nature and its bounty. Then the poem will be read aloud and line to line explanation will be given.	The students will be able to 1.know about the poet and his contribution. 2.Understand various sound words mentioned in the poem 3.Enjoy the beauty of nature.
POETRY: The Voice of the Rain [Hornbill]	The teacher would play a snippet of the he sound of rain and the learners would infer ideas and involve in an interactive session. The title of the poem would be open for class interpretation. The knowledge background of the poet would be given. The poem would be read aloud with proper stress and intonation. The teacher would discuss the theme, poetic devices and structure and rhyme. Word Journey.	The students would be able to grasp the theme and meaning of the poem. They would be able to read the poem with proper tone and rhyme and develop an interest in poetry. Their vocabulary would be strengthened. They would be able to draw a comparative study between human life and nature.

Chapter -Birth (Snapshots)	To inculcate the values of respect, time management, punctuality etc. Line to line explanation will be given.	The students will be able to learn the feeling of responsibility.
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REVISION FOR HALF- YEARLY.		
	OCTOBER 20 DAYS	
Adventure	To make the students understand the the History and its historians e.g Gangadhar Pant.	The students will understand the catastrophic experience.
	NOVEMBER 19 DAYS	
Silk Road (Hornbill)	To make the students understand the chapter and enhance their vocabulary.	The students will be able to understand the physical stress occur while travelling.

Childhood [Hornbill] The session would start with an interaction on the title of the lesson. The title of the lesson would be open for class interpretation. The background of the author would be given. The lesson would be read aloud and discussed. Difficult words would be listed out and discussed. The synopsis would be shown with the help of a PPT.	vocabulary would be enriched. The analytical

DECEMBER 22 DAYS					
Father to Son [Hornbill]	The session would start with an interaction on interpreting the title of the prose and the poem. The title of the topic would be open for class interpretation. The background of the author would be given. The lesson would be read aloud and discussed. Difficult words would be listed out and discussed. The synopsis would be shown with the help of a PPT.	To facilitate making connections between similar situations in different storylines/life experiences. To help learners distinguish different perspectives; analyzing them; drawing conclusion/s. The learners would unfold their logical			
Tale of Melon City. The session will start with discussion on humour and power. The poem is about the atrocities of tho se in power It is full of humour.		thinking skills. The students will be able to analyse the situation and take appropriate decision.			
	JANUARY (18)				
Cha	Chapter wise Tests of Complete Syllabus				
FEBRUARY(15]					
REVISION FOR ANNUAL EXAMINATION.					

MONTHWISE CURRICULUM OF PHYSICAL EDUCATION <u>CLASS XI</u> SESSION:2023-24 (APRIL – MAY)

1. (UNIT1) Changing Trends and Careers in Physical Education

- 1) Concept, Aims & Objectives of Physical Education
- 2) Development of Physical Education in India Post Independence
- 3) Changing Trends in Sports- playing surface, wearable gear and sports equipment, technological advancements
- 4) Career options in Physical Education
- 5) Khelo-India Program and Fit India

2. (UNIT 2.) Olympism Value Education

- Olympism Concept and Olympics Values (Excellence, Friendship & Respect)
- 2) Olympic Value Education Joy of Effort, Fair Play, Respect for Others, Pursuit of Excellence, Balance Among Body, Will & Mind
- 3) Ancient and Modern Olympics
- 4) Olympics Symbols, Motto, Flag, Oath, and Anthem
- 5) Olympic Movement Structure IOC, NOC, IFS, Other members

(JULY – AUGUST)

3. (UNIT 4.) Physical Education and Sports for Children with Special Needs

- 1) Concept of Disability and Disorder
- 2) Types of Disability, its causes & nature (Intellectual disability, Physical disability).
- 3) Disability Etiquette
- 4) Aim and objectives of Adaptive Physical Education.
- 5) Role of various professionals for children with special needs (Counselor, Occupational Therapist, Physiotherapist, Physical Education Teacher, Speech Therapist, and Special Educator)

4. (UNIT 5) Physical Fitness, Wellness, and Lifestyle

- 1) Meaning & importance of Wellness, Health, and Physical Fitness.
- 2) Components/Dimensions of Wellness, Health, and Physical Fitness
- 3) Traditional Sports & Regional Games for promoting wellness
- 4) Leadership through Physical Activity and Sports.
- 5) Introduction to First Aid PRICE

5. (UNIT 10.) Training & Doping in Sports

- 1) Concept and Principles of Sports Training
- 2) Training Load: Over Load, Adaptation, and Recovery
- 3) Warming-up & Limbering Down Types, Method & Importance
- 4) Concept of Skill, Technique, Tactics & Strategies

(SEPTEMBER-OCTOBER)

6. (UNIT 7.) Fundamentals of Anatomy, Physiology in Sports

- 1) Definition and Importance of Anatomy and Physiology in Exercise and Sports.
- 2) Functions of the Skeletal System, Classification of Bones, and Types of Joints.
- 3) Properties and Functions of Muscles.
- 4) Structure and Functions of Circulatory System and Heart.
- 5) Structure and Functions of Respiratory System.

7. (UNIT 8) Fundamentals of Kinesiology and Biomechanics in Sports

- 1) Definition and Importance of Kinesiology and Biomechanics in Sports.
- 2) Principles of Biomechanics
- 3) Kinetics and Kinematics in Sports
- 4) Types of Body Movements Flexion, Extension, Abduction, Adduction, Rotation, Circumduction, Supination & Pronation
- 5) Axis and Planes Concept and its application in body movements

(NOVEMBER-DECEMBER)

8. (UNIT 3) Yoga

- 1) Meaning and importance of Yoga
- 2) Introduction to Astanga Yoga
- 3) Yogic Kriyas (Shat Karma)
- 4) Pranayama and its types.
- 5) Active Lifestyle and stress management through Yoga

9. (UNIT 6) Test, Measurement & Evaluation

- 1) Define Test, Measurements and Evaluation.
- 2) Importance of Test, Measurements and Evaluation in Sports.
- 3) Calculation of BMI, Waist Hip Ratio and Skin fold measurement (3-site)
- 4) Somato Types (Endomorphy, Mesomorphy & Ectomorphy)
- 5) Measurements of health-related fitness

10. (UNIT 9.) Psychology and Sports

- 1) Definition & Importance of Psychology in Physical Education & Sports
- 2) Developmental Characteristics at Different Stages of Development
- 3) Adolescent Problems & their Management
- 4) Team Cohesion and Sports
- 5) Introduction to Psychological Attributes: Attention, Resilience, Mental Toughness

CURRICULUM 2023-2024 Chemistry Class XI

OBJECTIVES

1 Promote understanding of basic facts and concepts of chemistry.

2 Make students capable of studying chemistry in academic and professional courses.

3 Expose the students to various emerging new areas of chemistry and apprise them with their relevance in future studies.

4 Equip students to face various challenges related to health,

nutrition , environment, population, weather, industries and agriculture.

5 Develop problem solving skills in students.

6 Apprise students with the interface of chemistry with other

disciplines of science such as Physics, Biology, Engineering Geology and Mathematics.

7 Acquaint students with different aspects of chemistry and its use in daily life.

8 Develop an interest in students to study chemistry as a discipline.

9 Integrate life skills and values in context of chemistry.

S.No	UNIT	No. of Periods	Marks
1	Some Basic Concepts of Chemistry	12	7
2	Structure of Atom	14	9
3	Classification of Elements and Periodicity in Properties	8	6
4	Chemical Bonding and Molecular Structure	14	7
5	Chemical Thermodynamics	16	9
6	Equilibrium	14	7
7	Redox Reactions	6	4
8	Organic Chemistry: Some basic Principles and Techniques	14	11
9	Hydrocarbons	12	10
	TOTAL	-	70

EXAM	MONTH	SYLLABUS
PERIODIC 1	JULY	SOME BASIC CONCEPTS OF CHEMISTRY, STRUCTURE OF ATOM,CLASSIFICATION OF ELEMENTS AND PERIODICITY IN PROPERTIES (HALF UNIT)
PERIODIC 2 /HALF YEARLY	SEPTEMBER	SOME BASIC CONCEPTS OF CHEMISTRY, STRUCTURE OF ATOM, CLASSIFICATION OF ELEMENTS AND PERIODICITY IN PROPERTIES, CHEMICAL BONDING AND MOLECULAR STRUCTUR,, THERMODYNAMICS
PERIODIC 3	DECEMBER	REDOX REACTION,ORGANIC CHEMISTRY BASIC TECHNIQUES AND PRINCIPLES, HYDROCARBON,EQUILIBRIUM
PRACTICE EXAM	JANUARY	ALL NINE UNITS AS PER CBSE_CURRICULUM
ANNUAL EXAM	FEBRUARY & MARCH	AS PER CBSE CURRICULUM

Month : April No. of days : 18

UNIT/TOPIC	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOMES
UNIT Some basic concepts of chemistry No. of periods :12 TOPIC General introduction Importance and scope of chemistry Nature of matter Laws of chemical combinations Dalton's Atomic theory Concept of elements compounds and mixture Atomic and molecular masses Mole concept and molar mass Percentage composition Empirical and	Lecture method Interactive approach Peer teaching	 Students will be able to Understand and appreciate the role of chemistry in different spheres of life Explain the characteristics of three States of matter Classify different substances into elements compounds and mixtures Use scientific notation Define SI base units and list some commonly used prefixes Differentiate between accuracy and precision Convert physical quantities from one system of units to another Explain various laws of chemical combination Appreciate significance of atomic mass average atomic mass molecular mass and formula mass Define the term mole and solve numericals on mole concept Calculate the mass percent of compound. Determine empirical formula and molecular formula for a compound

molecular formula • Chemical reactions • Stoichiometry and calculations based on stoichiometry		 from the given experimental data Perform the stoichoimetric calculations
PRACTICAL 1 Basic laboratory techniques 2 Crystallization of Copper sulphate	Demonstration Performing of experiments by students Recording of observations	 Students will be able to Develop skill in basic laboratory techniques Appreciate the importance of Crystallization as purification method

Month ; May No. of days : 16

UNIT/TOPIC	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOMES
UNIT Structure of atom No.of periods:14 Topic Discovery of electron proton and neutron Atomic number Isotopes and isomers Thomson's model and its limitations Rutherford 's model and its limitations Bohr's model and its limitation Concept of shells and Subshells Dual nature of matter and light de Broglie's relationship Heisenberg's uncertainty principle concept of orbitals Quantum	Lecture method Interactive approach Videos	 Students will be able to Know about the discovery of electron proton and neutron and their characteristics Describe Thomson Rutherford and Bohr's atomic models Understand the important features of the quantum mechanical model of atom Understand nature of electromagnetic radiation and Planck's Quantum theory Explain the photoelectric effect and describe features of atomic spectra State the De Broglie relation and Heisenberg Uncertainty Principle Define atomic orbital in terms of quantum numbers State Aufbau's principle, Pauli's exclusion principle and Hund's rule of maximum multiplicity Write the electronic configuration of atoms

numbers Shapes of s,pand d orbitals Rules for filling electrons in atoms based on Pauli's exclusion principle,Aufbau's principle and Hund's rule Electronic configuration of atoms Stability of half filled and completely filled orbitals		
PRACTICAL Experiments based on pH determination and qcommonion effect	Demonstration Performing Experiment,Recordin g observations and analysis	 Students will be able to; Define pH Calculate pH Classify substances into acidic / basic Understand Concept of common ion effect
INVESTIGATORY PROJECT (As holidays homework)	Guidelines for project work will be given	 Students will be able to Select topic of their project Collect relevant details Draft report

Month ; July No. of days ;22

UNIT/TOPIC	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOMES
UNIT Classification of elements and periodicity in properties No.of periods: 8 TOPIC • Classification • brief history of development of periodic table • Modern Periodic law and present form of periodic table • Periodic trends in properties of elements	Lecture method Group7y discussion Art integrated learning Power point presentation in groups	 Students will be able to Appreciate how the concept of grouping elements in accordance to their properties lead to the development of periodic table Understand the periodic law Understand the significance of atomic number and electronic configuration as the basis of periodic classification Name the elements with atomic number greater than hundred according to IUPAC Nomenclature Classify the elements into s ,p, d and f blocks and learn their main characteristics Recognise the periodic trends in

 Atomic radii Ionic radii Inerrt gas radii Ionisation enthalpy Electron gain enthalpy Electronegativity Valency Nomenclature of elements with atomic number greater than 100 		 physical and chemical properties of elements Use scientific vocabulary appropriately to communicate ideas related to certain important properties of elements for example atomic radii, ionic radii ,ionization enthalpy, electron gain enthalpy, electronegativity and valence of elements
UNIT Chemical bonding and molecular structure No. of periods: 14 TOPIC • Valence electrons • Ionic bond covalent bond • Bond parametres • Lewis structures • Polar character of covalent bond • Covalent character of ionic bond • Valence bond theory • Resonance • Geometry of covalent molecules • VSEPR theory • Concept of hybridisation involving s,p,and d orbitals • Shapes of some simple molecules • Molecular orbital theory of homonuclear diatomic molecules • Hydrogen bond	Lecture method Interactive approach Preparation of 3D models by learners for better understanding	 Students will be able to Understand kossel Lewis approach to chemical bonding Explain the octet rule and its limitations draw Lewis structures of simple molecules Explain the formation of different types of bonds Describe the VSEPR theory and predict the geometry of simple molecules Explain the valence bond approach for the formation of covalent bonds Predict the directional properties of covalent bonds Explain the different types of hybridization involving s p and d orbitals and draw shapes of simple covalent molecules Describe the molecular orbital theory of homonuclear diatomic molecules Explain the concept of hydrogen bonding
PRACTICAL Quantitative Analysis 1 preparation of standard solution of oxalic acid		

INVESTIGATORY titration in PROJECT neutraliza	 volumetric volumetric volving on reaction of individual Students will be able to Understand primary and secondary standards Perform neutralization titration Calculate molarity and strength.
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Month ; August

No.	of	day	S	;23

UNIT/TOPIC	METHODOLOGY	
UNIT Thermodynamics TOPIC Concept of system and types of systems Surroundings Work Heat Energy Extensive and intensive properties State functions First law of thermodynamics Internal energy and enthalpy Heat capacity and specific heat capacity Measurement of change in internal energy and change in enthalpy Hess's law of constant heat summation Enthalpy of bond dissociation, combustion, formation, atomisation, sublimation, phase transition, ionisation,	Lecture method Interactive approach	 Students will be able to Explain the term system and surroundings Differentiate between open closed and isolated systems Explain internal energy work and heat State first law of Thermodynamics and Express its mathematical formulation Explain state functions like internal energy and enthalpy Correlate between change in internal energy and change in enthalpy Measure experimentally internal energy change and enthalpy change Defines standard enthalpies Calculate enthalpy change for various type of reactions State and apply Hess's law of constant heat summation Differentiate between extensive and intensive variables Define spontaneous and nonspontaneous processes Explain entropy is a thermodynamic state function and applied for spontaneity of a process Explain Gibbs Energy change Establish relationship between Gibb's energy change and spontaneity and equilibrium constant.

PROJECT Demonstration • Understand systematic Analysis of acidic radicals • Understand systematic Analysis of acidic radicals • Perform tests to identify acidic radical	solution and dilution Second law of thermodynamics Introduction of entropy as a state function Gibb's energy change for spontaneous and nonspontaneous processes Third law of thermodynamics UNIT: Redox reactions No. of periods :6 TOPIC Concept of oxidation and reduction Redox reaction Oxidation number Balancing the redox reaction in terms of loss and gain of electrons and change in oxidation number Applications of redox reactions Applications of redox reactions	Lecture method Interactive approach Class discussion	 Students will be able to Identify a Redox reaction as a class of reactions in which oxidation and reduction reactions occur simultaneously Define the terms oxidation reductant the mechanism of redox reaction by electron transfer process Use the concept of oxidation number to identify oxidant and reductant in a reaction Classify the redox reactions into combination ,decomposition, displacement and disproportionation reaction Balance chemical equations using oxidation number method and half reaction method Learn the concept of redox reactions in terms of electrode processes
Write related chemical equation Discussion Students will partially complete project	PROJECT	Tests for acidic radicals	 acidic radicals Perform tests to identify acidic radical Write related chemical equation

Month ; September No. of days ;23

UNIT/TOPIC	METHODOLOGY	
Revision/Term exam	Pen paper test	

Month; OctoberNo. of days; 20

UNIT/TOPIC	METHODOLOGY	
UNIT Organic chemistry Some basic principles and techniques No. of periods:14 TOPIC General introduction Methods of purification Qualitative and quantitative analysis Classification and IUPAC nomenclature of organic compounds Electronic displacement in covalent bond Inductive effect Electromeric effect Resonance and hyperconjugatio n Homolytic and Heterolytic fusion of a covalent bond Free radicals Carbocations and carbanions Electrophile and nucleophiles Types of organic reactions	Lecture method Group discussion Mind maps	 Students will be able to Understand reasons for tetravalency of carbon and shapes of organic molecules Write structure of organic molecules in various ways Classify the organic compounds Name the compounds according to IUPAC system of nomenclature and also derive their structures from the given names Understand the concepts of Organic reaction mechanism Explain the influence of electronic displacement on structure and reactivity of organic compounds Recognise types of organic reactions Learn the techniques of purification of organic compounds Write the chemical reactions involved in the qualitative analysis of organic compounds Understand the principles involved in quantitative analysis of organic compounds
UNIT		

Hydrocarbon TOPIC Classification of hydrocarbons Aliphatic hydrocarbons Aliphatic hydrocarbons Alkanes Nomenclature Isomerism Conformations Physical properties Chemical reactions Mechanism of halogenation Combustion and pyrolysis Alkenes Nomenclature Structure of double bond	Lecture method Interactive approach Mind maps	
 Geometrical isomerism PRACTICAL Salt Analysis Identification of basic radical INVESTIGATORY PROJECT 	Demonstration Experimentation and Analysis Discussion	 Students will be able to Identify basic radicals in given salt Apply Concept of common ion effect in identifying basic radical Students will finalize their project report

Month ; November

No. of days ;19

UNIT/ TOPIC	METHODOLOGY	LEA RNING
Unit Hydrocarbon Topics Physical properties Methods of preparation Chemical reactions Addition of hydrogen ,halogen ,water	Lecture Method Interactive approach Mind maps	 Students will be able to Name hydrocarbons according to IUPAC system of nomenclature Recognise and write structures of isomers of alkanes ,alkenes, alkynes and aromatic hydrocarbon Learn about various methods of preparation of hydrocarbons Distinguish between alkanes alkenes alkynes and aromatic Hydrocarbons on the basis of physical and chemical

,hydrogen halides ,Markovnikov's addition peroxide effect, Ozonysis oxidation Mechanism of electrophilic addition Alkynes Nomenclature Structure of triple Bond Physical properties Methods of preparation Chemical reaction Acidic character of alkynes Addition reaction of hydrogen halides ,water Aromatic hydrogen halides ,water Aromatic hydrocarbon Introduction IUPAC Nomenclature benzene Resonance Aromaticity Chemical properties Mechanism of electrophilic substitution Nitration ,sulphonation halogenation Friedal craft alkylation and	 properties Draw and differentiate between various conformations of Ethane Appreciate the role of Hydrocarbons as a source of energy and for other industrial applications Predict the formation of addition products of unsymmetrical alkene and alkynes on the basis of mechanism Comprehend the structure of benzene explain aromaticity and understand mechanism of electrophilic substitution reactions of benzene Predict the directive influence of substituents in monosubstituted benzene ring
electrophilic substitution	
,sulphonation	
Friedal craft	
acylationDirective	
influence of functional	
groups in mono	
substituted benzene	
 Carcinogenity 	
and toxicity	

UNIT EQUILIBRIUM TOPIC • Equilibrium in physical and chemical processes • Dynamic nature of equilibrium • law of mass action • law of chemical equilibrium • Equilibrium constant • Factors effecting equilibrium nature • Le chatlier's principle • lonic equilibrium • lonisation of acid and bases • Strong and weak electrolytes • Degree of ionisation of a poly basic acid • Acidic strength • Concept of pH • Buffer solution • Solubility product, and common ion effect	Lecture Method Interactive approach Mind maps	 Students will be able to Identify the dynamic nature of equilibrium involved in physical and chemical processes State Law of equilibrium Explain characteristics of equilibrium involved in physical and chemical processes Write expression for equilibrium constant Establish the relationship between equilibrium constant Kp and Kc Explain various factors that affect the equilibrium state of a reaction Classify substances acids and bases according to arrhenius bronsted lowry and Lewis concept Classify acid and bases as weak or strong in terms of the ionization constant Describe pH scale in expressing concentration of hydrogen ions Explain ionization of water Understand solubility product and ionic product Appreciate the importance of common lon effect in qualitative analysis Appreciate the uses of buffer
effect PRACTICAL Salt analysis		

Month ; December

No. of days ; 22

UNIT/TOPIC	METHODOLOGY	
REVISION PERIODIC 3	Pen paper test Interactive Doubt clearing sessions	

Month ; January No. of days ;18

UNIT/TOPIC	METHODOLOGY	
PRACTICE EXAM REVISION	Pen paper test Discussion Doubt clearing sessions	

Month ; February No. of days ;15

UNIT/TOPIC	METHODOLOGY	
ANNUAL THEORY AND PRACTICAL EXAMS	Pen paper test Practical exam	

Month : March Annual Exam

Curriculum for the Academic Year 2023-2024

Subject: Hind. Music Vocal

Class: XI

Learning Objectives:-

- 1) Learn Vocal Music
- 2) Short and Long Definitions in Hindi and English

CONTENT	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOME
April:- Short notes and Raag Bhairvi Parichey PRACTIC AL: Raag Bhairvi	Learning of short notes and Taal with hand beats.	Students will know how to learn Layakari. Developing the sense of Taal beats.
May:- 26 Periods Short & Long Definitions and Introduction of Raga Bhairvi PRACTICAL:- Aalap and Taan in Raag Bhairvi	Lecture Method and Writing of Raag Bhairvi Notations with Aalap and Taan in Raag Bhairvi	Students will learn short definitions. Developing singing skills.
July:- 25 Periods; Brief study of Musical elements in natya shastra PRACTICAL:- Raag Bhairvi (Drut Khayal)	Lecture Method. Writing of the complete description and their importance.	Students will learn the way of writing Drut Khayal notations.

<u>TERM-I</u>

August:- 22 Periods; Definition of Khayal and Ek Taal PRACTICAL:- Raag Bihag with Aalap and Taan.	Lecture Method. Writing of Taan and Aalap	Developing rhythmic sense
September:- 14 Periods; Raag parichey of Bihag and short notes. PRACTICAL:- Practice of dugun and chaugun with hand beats. Also, making of the Practical File.	Lecture Method.	Developing the sense of Sur and Taal

<u>TERM-II</u>

CONTENT	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOME
October:- 21 Periods;	Learning of short notes and Taal with hand	Students will know how to learn Layakari.
Brief study of Margi – Desi sangeet	beats.	Developing the sense of Taal beats.
PRACTICAL:- Raag Bhimplasi Drut Khayal with simple elaboration		
November:- 20 Periods; Brief study of Drupad and Tarana as well as	Lecture and Demo Method	Students will learn the basic knowledge about classical music by Taanpura

knowledge and structure of Taanpura		
PRACTICAL:- One		
Drupad with dugun in any one of the prescribed Raag.		
December:- 25 Periods;	Lecture and Demo Method	Students will collect their photographs and
Life Sketch and contribution of Tansen, Bhatkhande and Paluskar.	Wethou	will learn how to improve classical music
PRACTICAL:- One Devotional Song and reciting of chautal with tha, dugun and chaugun		
January:- 16 Periods;	More practice for	Students will be
Practice of writing the composition of the prescribed Raag	perfection	prepared for the theory and the practical examination
PRACTICAL:- Ability to recognise the prescribed Raag from the phrases of Swaras		
February:- 15 Periods;	More practice for perfection	Garnished the Vocal Music Subject
Preparation for practical and theory examination		

CURRICULUM (2023-24)

Subject : Political Science <u>Class : XI</u> <u>Objectives</u> : PART A UNDIAN CONSTITUTION AT

PART A- INDIAN CONSTITUTION AT WORK

 \cdot Understand the historical circumstances and the processes in which the Constitution was drafted.

 \cdot Be familiar with the diverse perspectives that guided the makers of the Indian Constitution.

 \cdot Analyze the working of the three pillars of democracy: Legislature, Executive, and Judiciary and their role with changing times.

 \cdot Identify the key features of the Indian Constitution and compare these to other constitutions in the world.

PART B-POLITICAL THEORY

· Recognize the ideas, concepts, and values inherent in the political life of a citizen.

· Systematic reflection and critical analysis of the political phenomenon.

• Provides a clarity on what is 'political' in relation to 'social', 'economic', 'moral', and the like.

• Augment the ability of students to build a good state in a good society, and create processes, procedures, institutions, and structures which could be rationally achievable

Month : April 2023

No. of working days : 18

Chapter No. and Name	METHODOLOGY	LEARNING OUTCOMES
PART-A Chap1. Constitution: Why and How? a) Why do we need a Constitution? • Constitution allows coordination and assurance • Specification of decision making powers • Limitations on the powers of government • Aspirations and goals of a society • Fundamental identity of a people b) The authority of a Constitution • Mode of promulgation • The substantive provisions of a constitution • Balanced institutional	 Reading of the Preamble Group Discussions and Debates: What happens in an organization in the absence of a set of rules 	After completion of the chapter, Students will be able to: • Appreciate the need for a Constitution. • Understand the historical processes and the circumstances in which the Indian Constitution was drafted. • Critically evaluate how constitutions, govern the distribution of power in society. • Analyze the ways in which the provisions of the Constitution have worked in real political life.
PART-A Chap-2Rights in the Indian		After completion of the chapter students

Constitution	rights are considered as	will be able to:
a) The importance of	fundamental?	· Analyze the working
rights	 Lecture method 	of the Constitution in
_		real life
□ Bill of Rights	 Comparative analysis: 	
b) Fundamental rights in	Rights guaranteed in India	_
the Indian Constitution	and other countries	others, think critically,
Right to Equality	0	and make informed
Right to Freedom	directive principles	decisions
🗆 Right against	should take precedence	· Identify violations of
Exploitation	over fundamental rights?	
□ Right to Freedom of	 Drama production 	and freedom in the
-		society around them.
Religion		 Justify the need for
Cultural and Educational		reasonable
Rights		restrictions on the
Right to Constitutional		rights guaranteed.
Remedies		· Use freedom of
c) Directive principles of		expression to
state		advocate for ensuring
what do the directive		rights is given to
principles contain?		people around them
d) Relationship between		
fundamental rights and		
directive principles		
ŀ		

Month : May 2023

No. of working days : 16		
PART-B Chap.1 Political Theory: An Introduction a) What is politics? b) What do we study in political theory? c) Putting Political theory into practice d) Why should we study political theory?	 Collecting political cartoons from various newspapers and magazines and discussing the issues raised Reading the works of great thinkers Quiz 	After completion of the chapter, Students will be able to: Define the term politics and identify various political principles. Explain the innate ideas of various Political theories. Appreciate the contribution of Political Thinkers (example: Jean Jacques Rousseau)
PART-B	 Discussion: Individual 	After completion of the
<u>Chap.2</u> Freedom	freedom Debate: Does	chapter, Students will be able
a) The Ideal of freedom	dress code curtail	to:
b) The sources of	individual freedom?	 Appreciate the ideal of
Constraints-Why do we	 Comparative Analysis: 	freedom
need constraints?	Negative and positive	 Critically evaluate the
c) The Harm Principle	liberty	dimensions of negative and

 d) Negative and Positive liberty PART-B Chap.3 Equality a) Why does equality matter? Equality of opportunities Natural and Social Inequalities b) Three dimensions of equality c) Feminism, Socialism d) How can we promote equality? 	 Examine current case studies related to the topic. Quiz Discussion and debate: <i>Promotion of equality</i> Reading the works of great thinkers. . Reflective Enquiry and Recapitulation Skit on Equality Role play 	 positive liberty. Demonstrate spirit of enquiry Explain the ideas introduced by J.S. Mill in Harm Principle. Assess the possible limitations on freedom resulting from the social and economic structures of society. After completion of the chapter, Students will be able to: Understand the moral and political ideals of equality. Assess how equality is perceived through different ideologies Recognize the means and methods to promote equality.
Month : July 2023		<u> </u>
 No. of working days : 22 PART-A Chap-3 Election and Representation a) Elections and democracy b) Election system in India First Past the Post System Proportional Representation c) Why did India adopt the FPTP system? d) Reservation of constituencies Universal franchise and right to contest Independent Election Commission f) Electoral Reforms 	 Conducting mock elections Comparative analysis: <i>Election processes of</i> <i>different countries</i> Reflecting on cartoons/ caricatures Group discussion: <i>Challenges and reforms</i> Reflective inquiry: Recapitulating known facts 	 After completion of the chapter, Students will be able to: Identify different types and methods of election Develop critical thinking about the role of various stakeholders in ensuring free and fair elections. Demonstrate the innate role played by Election Commission Compare election systems of different countries of the world.

PART-B Chap-4 Social Justice a) What is Justice? • Equal Treatment for Equals • Proportionate Justice • Recognition of Special Needs b) Just distribution c) John Rawls Theory of Justice d) Pursuing Social Justice e) Free Markets versus State Intervention	 Debate: Free Markets versus State Intervention Quiz Comparative Analysis: Dimensions of justice 	 After completion of the chapter, Students will be able to: Classify the different dimensions of justice. Appreciate the measures taken by the government of India to secure social justice. Enlist the basic minimum
		 requirements of people for living a healthy and productive life. State John Rawls' theory of veil of ignorance
PART-B Chap5 Rights a) What are Rights? b) Where do rights come from? c) Legal rights and the state d) Kinds of rights e) Rights and responsibilities	 Discussion: Importance or rights Collaborative Learning-Assigning task for acquiring information on different types of rights. Comparative analysis: Different type of rights 	 After completion of the chapter, Students will be able to: Define rights Identify the need for rights and its importance to mankind. Explain why rights need to be sanctioned by law.
		 Describe the features of different kinds of rights.
Month : August 2023 No. of working days : 23		
PART -A	Comparative Analysis:	After completion of the

 Chap.4 Executive a) What is an executive? b) What are the different types of executives? c) Parliamentary executive in India Power and position of President Discretionary Powers of the President d) Prime Minister and Council of ministers e) Permanent Executive: Bureaucracy 	 Different forms of Executive Interpretation of Cartoons/ caricatures Discussion and Debate: Powers and functions of the Real and Nominal Executive Quiz 	 the Parliamentary and Presidential Executive. Analyze the composition and functioning of the executive. Know the significance of the administrative machinery
 PART -A Chap.5 Legislature a) Why do we need a parliament? b) Why do we need two houses of parliament? Rajya Sabha Lok Sabha Lok Sabha c) What does the parliament do? Powers of Rajya Sabha Special Powers of Rajya Sabha d) How does the parliament make laws? e) How does the parliament control the executive? f) What do the committees of parliament do? g) How does the parliament regulate itself? 	• Powers and functions of	 After completion of the chapter, Students will be able to: Describe the law-making process in India. Differentiate between the powers and functions of Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha. Examine the parliamentary control over the Executive. Analyze the role of Parliamentary committees for the success of Indian democracy.

 PART -A Chap.6 Judiciary Why do we need an independent judiciary? Independence of Judiciary Appointment of Judges Removal of Judges b) Structure of the Judiciary c) Jurisdiction of supreme Cour Original Jurisdiction Writ Jurisdiction Appellate Jurisdiction Advisory Jurisdiction d) Judicial Activism e) Judiciary and Rights f) Judiciary and Parliament 	 The importance of India's Judicial System. Moot Courts Discussion: Enhancing assertiveness of the Indian Judiciary. Debates: How far separation of Powers is practiced? 	 After completion of the chapter, Students will be able to: Identify the different aspects which makes the Judiciary independent Compare and contrast the different jurisdictions Analyze the reasons why Judiciary has become proactive. Examine the reasons for the conflicts between the judiciary and parliament with respect to Constitutional Amendments.
Month : September 2023 No. of working days : 23 PART-B Chap- 6 Citizenship a) Introduction b) Full and equal membership c) Equal Rights d) Citizen and Nation e) Universal Citizenship f) Global Citizenship	granting citizenship put	 After completion of the chapter, Students will be able to: Explain the meaning of citizenship. Contribute to meaningful discussion on ways of granting citizenship. Discuss the probable solutions or alternatives to solve citizenship issue. Analyze the problems to be surmounted to strengthen links between the people and governments

No. of working days: 20		
 PART- A Chap.7 Federalism a) What is Federalism? b) Federalism in the Indian Constitution Division of Powers c) Federalism with a strong central government d) Conflicts in India's federal system Centre-State Relations Demands for Autonomy Role of Governors and President's Rule Demands for New States Interstate Conflicts e) Special provisions Jammu and Kashmir 	 Cartoon interpretation Textual reading Group Discussion/Debate: <i>Prevailing issues</i> <i>in Centre-state relations</i>. Map activity 	 After completion of the chapter Students will be able to: Explain the basic features of a federation. Identify the different levels of the government & subjects on which the union and state governments can make laws. Discuss the various constitutional provisions that led to a strong Centre in India.
PART-B Chap.7 Nationalism a)Introducing Nationalism b) Nations and Nationalism • Shared Beliefs • History • Shared National Identity c) National self- determination d) Nationalism and Pluralism	 Recapitulation of definitions. Group interaction: The factors that help in creating the sense of collective identity Textual explanation Debate: Can identity claims lead to social divisions or will it strengthen and recognize multiple identities? 	 After completion of the chapter, students will be able to: Understand the concepts of nation and nationalism Assess the strengths and limitations of nationalism. Identify and build an understanding on the factors related to creation of collective identities Examine the concept of national self-determination Acknowledge the need

Month : November 2023	de	o make nations more emocratic and nclusive
No. of working days : 19 PART-A Chap. 8 Local Governments a) Why local governments? b) Growth of Local Government in India • Local Governments in Independent India c) 73rd and 74th amendments d) 73rd Amendment • Three Tier Structure • Elections • Reservations • Transfer of Subjects • State Election Commissioners • State Finance Commission e) 74th Amendment f) Implementation of 73rd and 74th Amendments	•	 students will be able to: Understand the Panchaya Raj system of local
 PART-B Chap.8 Secularism a) What is Secularism? Inter-religious Domination Intra-religious Domination b) Secular State c) The western model of secularism d) The Indian model of secularism e) Criticisms of Indian secularism Western Import Minoritism Interventionist Vote Bank Politics 		 After completion of the chapter, student will be able to: Define Secularism. Differentiate between Intereligious and Intra-Religio Domination. Recognize the concept of Secular State. Compare Western and InterModel of Secularism. Make an appraisal of India Secularism.

Month : December 2023		
No. of working days : 22		
PART-A	• Brainstorming: To	After completion of the
Chap.9 Constitution as a Living	assess the achievements	chapter, Students will be able
Document	and drawbacks of our	to:
a) Are constitutions static?	Constitution	Analyze the working of
b) How to amend the	• Debate: Should the	the Constitution.
constitution?	Judiciary have the	
c) Why have there been so	power to determine the	 Know the various
many amendments?	validity of	amendments that have
d) Contents of amendments	amendments?	taken place and the
made so far	• Discussion: Are the	controversies raised.
 Differing Interpretations 	amondmonts in the	

 validity of amendments? Discussion: Are the amendments in the Constitution as per the needs and circumstances or guided by the whims and fancies of the ruling party? 	 amendments that have taken place and the controversies raised. Appreciate why the Constitution is called a Living Document.
Guiding philosophy of	 At the completion of the chapter, students will be able to: Appreciate the philosophical vision of our Constitution. Recognize the core features of the Indian Constitution. Evaluate the strengths and limitations of the Constitution.
	 amendments? Discussion: Are the amendments in the Constitution as per the needs and circumstances or guided by the whims and fancies of the ruling party? Group discussion: Guiding philosophy of the Indian Constitution Question Strategy Quiz Reading the work of

	and minority rightsSecularism		
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Month : January 2024

No. of working days : 18

Practice from old CBSE board	Practice Exam	
papers		

Month : February 2024 No. of working days : 15 Discussion of doubts

Curriculum 2023-24

Subject: Business Studies

Class: XI

Learning Objectives

- 1. To inculcate business attitude and develop skills among students to pursue higher education, world of work including self-employment.
- 2. To develop students with an understanding of the processes of business and its environment;
- 3. To acquaint students with the dynamic nature and interdependent aspects of business;
- 4. To develop an interest in the theory and practice of business, trade and industry;
- 5. To familiarize students with theoretical foundations of the process of organizing and managing the operations of a business firm;
- 6. To help students appreciate the economic and social significance of business activity and the social cost and benefits arising there from;
- 7. To acquaint students with the practice of managing the operations and resources of business;
- 8. To enable students to act more effectively and responsibly as consumers, employers, employees and citizens

April And May

Chapter	Methodology	Learning Outcomes
Part-A	Mind Maps, storytelling,	After going through this
Unit-1 Evolution and	Case studies & Role Play	Unit, the students will be
Fundamentals of Business		able to:
		·To acquaint the History of
		Trade and Commerce in
		India
		·Understand the
		meaning of business
		with special reference to
		economic and non-
		economic activities.
		· Discuss the
		characteristics of
		business.
		· Understand the
		concept of business,
		profession and
		employment.
		· Differentiate between
		business, profession and
		employment
		 Appreciate the
		economic and social
		objectives of business.
		 Examine the role of
		profit in business
		\cdot Understand the broad
		categories of business
		activities- industry and
		commerce
		\cdot Describe the various
		types of industries.
		 Discuss the meaning of
		commerce, trade and
		auxiliaries to trade.
		• Discuss the meaning of
		different types of trade
		and auxiliaries to trade.
		• Examine the role of
		commerce trade and
		auxiliaries to trade
		· Understand the
		concept of risk as a
		special characteristic of

		business. · Examine the nature and causes of business risks.
Unit-2 Forms of Business organizations	Mind Maps, storytelling, Case studies & Role Play	List the different forms of business organizations and understand their meaning. · Identify and explain the concept, merits and limitations of Sole Proprietorship · Identify and explain the concept, merits and limitations of a Partnership firm. · Understand the types of partnership based on duration and on the basis of liability. · State the need for registration of a partnership firm. · Discuss types of partners – active, sleeping, secret, nominal and partner by estoppel · Understand the concept of Hindu Undivided Family Business · Identify and explain the concept, merits and limitations of Cooperative Societies. · Understand the concept of consumers, producers, marketing, farmers, credit and housing cooperatives. · Identify and explain the concept, merits and limitations of private and public companies. · Understand the meaning of one person company. · Distinguish between a private company and a

 Distinguish between the various forms of business organizations. Explain the factors that influence the choice of a suitable form of business organization. July,August and September 	ulv.August and September	organizations. • Explain the factors that influence the choice of a suitable form of business
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Part-A	Mind Maps, storytelling	After going through this
Unit-3- Public, Private and	& Role Play	Unit, the students will be
Global Enterprises		able to:
		· Develop an understanding
		of Public sector and private
		sector enterprises
		\cdot Identify and explain the
		features, merits and
		limitations of different
		forms of public sector
		enterprises
		· Develop an understanding
		of Global Enterprises and
		public private partnership
		by studying their meaning
		and features.

Unit 4: Business Services	Mind Maps, storytelling	· Understand the meaning
	& Role Play	and types of business
		services.
		 Discuss the meaning and
		types of Business service
		Banking
		 Develop an understanding
		of different types of bank
		account
		· Develop an understanding

of the different services
provided by banks
· Recall the concept of
insurance
· Understand Utmost Good
Faith, Insurable Interest,
Indemnity, Contribution,
Doctrine of Subrogation and
Causa Proxima as principles
of insurance
· Discuss the meaning of
different types of insurance-
life, health, fire, marine
insurance.
· Understand the utility of
different telecom services

Part-A Unit 5: Emerging Modes of Business	Mind Maps, storytelling & Role Play	After going through this Unit, the students will be able to: • Give the meaning of e-
		 business. Discuss the scope of e- business. Appreciate the benefits of e-business Distinguish e-business from traditional business.

September Revision for lst Term

<u>October</u>

Chapter	Methodology	Learning Outcomes
Unit 6: Social Responsibility of	Mind Maps & Role Play	· State the concept of social
Business and Business Ethics		responsibility.
		\cdot Examine the case for social
		responsibility
		 Identify the social
		responsibility towards
		different interest groups.
		\cdot Appreciate the role of
		business in environment
		protection
		 State the concept of
		business ethics.

· Describe the elements of
business ethics

Instructions regarding project work and preparation of the same

Chapter	Methodology	Learning Outcomes
Part-B	Mind Maps, storytelling	After going through this
Unit 7: Sources of Business	& Role-play	Unit, the students will be
Finance		able to:
		· State the meaning, nature
		and importance of business
		finance
		· Classify the various sources
		of funds into owners' funds.
		 State the meaning of
		owners' funds.
		\cdot State the meaning of
		borrowed funds.
		 Discuss the concept of
		debentures, bonds, loans
		from financial institutions
		and commercial banks,
		Trade credit and inter
		corporate deposits.
		· Distinguish between
		owners' funds and
		borrowed funds

<u>November</u>

Unit 8: Small Business and	Mind Maps, storytelling	· Understand the concept of
Enterprises	& Role-play	Entrepreneurship
		Development (ED),
		Intellectual Property Rights
		 Understand the meaning
		of small business
		 Discuss the role of small
		business in India
		\cdot Appreciate the various
		Government schemes and
		agencies for development of
		small scale industries. NSIC
		and DIC with special
		reference to rural, backward
		area.

Part-B Unit 9: Internal Trade	Mind Maps, storytelling	After going through this Unit, the students will be able to: • State the meaning and types of internal trade. • Appreciate the services of wholesalers and retailers • Explain the different types of retail trade • Highlight the distinctive features of departmental stores, chain stores and mail order businesses. • Understand the concept of GST
December		
December Unit 10: International Trade	Mind Maps, storytelling	 Understand the concept of international trade. Describe the scope of international trade to the nation and business firms State the meaning and objectives of export trade. Explain the important steps involved in executing export trade State the meaning and objectives of import trade. Discuss the important steps involved in executing import trade Develop an understanding of the various documents used in international trade. Identify the specimen of the various documents used in international trade. Highlight the importance of the documents needed in connection with international trade transactions State the meaning of World Trade Organization. Discuss the objectives of World Trade Organization in

	promoting international
	trade

Revision of syllabus along with practice of DAV Sample Papers

Curriculum 2023-24 Subject: Accountancy Class: XI

Learning Objectives

1.To familiarize students with new and emerging areas in the preparation and presentation of financial statements.

2. To acquaint students with basic accounting concepts and accounting standards.

3. To develop the skills of designing a need-based accounting database.

4. To appreciate the role of ICT in business operations.

5. To develop an understanding about recording of business transactions and preparation of financial statements.

April And May

To acquaint students with basic accounting concepts and accounting standards.

Chapter	Methodology	Learning Outcomes
Part-A	Mind Maps &	After going through this
Unit-1: Theoretical Framework	Storytelling	Unit, the students will be
		able to:
		 describe the meaning,
		significance, objectives,
		advantages and limitations
		of accounting in the modern
		economic environment with
		varied types of business and
		non-business economic
		entities.

 identify / recognise the
individual(s) and entities
that use accounting
information for serving their
needs of decision making.
\cdot explain the various terms
used in accounting and
differentiate between
different related terms like
current and non-current,
capital and revenue.
give examples of terms like
business transaction,
liabilities, assets,
expenditure and purchases.
• explain that
sales/purchases include
both cash and credit
sales/purchases relating to
the accounting year.
· differentiate among
income, profits and gains.
 state the meaning of
fundamental accounting
assumptions and their
relevance in accounting.
· describe the meaning of
accounting assumptions and
- · ·
the situation in which an
assumption is applied
during the accounting
process.
 explain the meaning and
objectives of accounting
standards.
· appreciate that various
accounting standards
developed nationally and
globally are in practice for
bringing parity in the
accounting treatment of
different items.
· acknowledge the fact that
recording of accounting
transactions follows a
double entry system.
\cdot explain the basics of

recording accounting
transaction and to
appreciate that accrual
basis is a better basis for
depicting the correct
financial position of an
enterprise.
 Understand the need of
IFRS · Explain the meaning,
objective and characteristic
of GST.

July & August & October

Chapter	Methodology	Learning Outcomes
Part-A	Mind Maps,	After going through this
Unit-2: Accounting Process	Storytelling & Role play	Unit, the students will be
		able to:
		\cdot explain the concept of
		accounting equation and
		appreciate that every
		transaction affects either
		both the sides of the
		equation or a positive effect
		on one item and a negative
		effect on another item on
		the same side of accounting
		equation.
		\cdot explain the effect of a
		transaction (increase or
		decrease) on the assets,
		liabilities, capital, revenue
		and expenses.
		· appreciate that on the
		basis of source documents,
		accounting vouchers are
		prepared for recording
		transactions in the books of
		accounts.
		· develop the
		understanding of recording
		of transactions in a journal
		and the skill of calculating
		GST.
		• explain the purpose of
		maintaining a Cash Book
		and develop the skill of

preparing the format of
different types of cash
books and the method of
recording cash transactions
in Cash books.
· describe the method of
recording transactions other
than cash transactions as
per their nature in different
subsidiary books .
· appreciate that at times
bank balance as indicated
by cash book is different
from the bank balance as
shown by the pass book /
bank statement and to
reconcile both the balances,
a bank reconciliation
statement is prepared.
· develop understanding of
preparing bank
reconciliation statements.
appreciate that for
ascertaining the position of
individual accounts,
transactions are posted
from subsidiary books and
journal proper into the
concerned accounts in the
ledger and develop the skill
of ledger posting.
· explain the necessity of
providing depreciation and
develop the skill of using
different methods for
computing depreciation.
· understand the
accounting treatment of
providing depreciation
directly to the concerned
asset account or by creating
provision for depreciation
accounts.
• appreciate the method of accet dispessal through the
asset disposal through the
concerned asset account or
by preparing an asset

	disposal account. • appreciate the need for creating reserves and also making provisions for events which may belong to the current year but may happen in next year. • appreciate the difference between reserve and reserve fund.
	 state the need and objectives of preparing trial balance and develop the skill of preparing trial balance. appreciate that errors may be committed during the process of accounting. understand the meaning of different types of errors and their effect on trial balance. develop the skill of identification and location of errors and their rectification and preparation of suspense account.

September: Revision of 1st Term examination

October: Project work

November and December

Chapter	Methodology	Learning Outcomes
Part-B	Mind maps	After going through this
Unit 3: Financial Statements of	Story telling	Unit, the students will be
Sole Proprietorship	Role Play	able to:
		\cdot state the meaning of
Incomplete Records		financial statements the
		 Purpose of preparing
		financial statements.
		\cdot state the meaning of gross

	profit, operating profit and
	net profit and develop the
	skill of preparing trading
	and profit and loss
	accounts.
	· explain the need for
	preparing a balance sheet.
	 understand the technique
	of grouping and marshalling
	of assets and liabilities.
	· appreciate that there may
	be certain items other than
	those shown in trial balance
	which may need
	adjustments while
	preparing financial
	statements. · develop the
	understanding and skill to
	do adjustments for items
	and their presentation in
	financial statements like
	depreciation, closing stock,
	provisions, abnormal loss
	etc. · develop the skill of
	preparation of trading and
	profit and loss account and
	balance sheet.
	· state the meaning of
	incomplete records and
	their uses and limitations.
	· develop the understanding
	and skill of computation of
	profit / loss using the
	statement of affairs
	method.
Revision of syllabus along with n	

Revision of syllabus along with practice of DAV Sample Papers

CURRICULAM 2023-24 SUBJECT- PHYSICS CLASS-XI

Learning objectives:

- 1. Strengthen the concepts developed at the secondary stage to provide frim foundation for further learning in the subject.
- 2. Expose the learner to different processes used in physics related industrial and technological application.
- 3. Develop process skills and experimental, observational, manipulative, decision making and investigatory skills in the learners.
- 4. Develop conceptual competence in learners and make and appreciate the interface of physics with other disciplines.

Unit-1 : physical world and measurement Unit-2 : kinematicsLecture method/interactive/demonstration	 Would able to understand scope of physics, nature of physics laws
	 and observe relation of physics to society Would able to understand necessity of measurement, units, systems of unit. Would able to determine dimension of physical quantity and analyse dimension and its application. Understand the meaning of significant figures and able to do mathematical

Month: April No of working days: 18

	operation with
	significant figure.
	 Would able to
	draw position-
	time and velocity-
	time graph and
	able to
	understand their
	significance.
	 Would able to
	understand
	elementary
	concepts of
	differentiation and
	integration for
	disturbing motion.
	 Would able to
	understand the
	difference
	between uniform
	and non uniform
	motion.
	 Would able to
	determine
	instantenous and
	average speed and
	acceleration.
	 Would able to
	derive relations
	for uniformly
	accelerated
	motion.
	 Would able to
	develop problem
	solving skills on
	these
	concept/topics.

Month: may No. Working days : 16

Chapter	Methodology	Learning outcome
Unit-2 : kinematics	Lecture	Would able to
	method/interactive/demonstration	differentiate
		between scalar and
		vector quantity.
		Would able to
		distinguish between
		displacement vector
		and position vector.
		 Would able to
		understand the
		representation of
		vector,
		multiplication,
		addition and
		subtraction.
		(triangle law of
		vector/parallelogra
		m law of vector
		addition.)
		 Would able to
		define unit vector
		and resolve of
		vector plane,
		rectangular
		components.
		 Would able to find
		scalar and cross
		product and
		observe the
		difference between
		them.
		 Would able to
		 Would able to define the
		projectile,
		understand the
		projectile motion,
		its trajectory and
		able to calculate the
		various parameter

	like maximum
	height, time of
	flight, horizontal
	range.
	 Would able to
	understand uniform
	circular motion and
	calculate centripetal
	acceleration.

Month : July

No .Working days : 22

Chapter	Methodology	Learning outcome
Unit:1 and 2	Lecture/interactive/demonstration/PPT	Would able to
revision for		understand the
periodic I		concept of force,
Unit-3 : laws of		inertia, linear
motion		momentum impulse
		and netwon's laws
		of motion.
		Would able to
		understand the
		conservation of
		linear momentum
		and its application.
		Would able to
		understand the
		equilibrium of
		concurrent forces.
		Would able to
		distinguish between
		static, limiting and
		kinematic friction.
		Would able to
		understand motion
		on a level circular
		road and vehicle on
		banked road.

	•	Would able to
		develop problem
		solving skills on
		these
		concept/topics.

Month : August No. of working days: 23

Chapter Methodo	
· · ·	logyLearning outcomeInteractive/PPT• Would able to determine the work done by constant/variable force.• Would able to distinguish between the kinetic and potential energy and derive the work- energy theorm.• Would able to distinguish between the energy and power.• Would able to distinguish between the potential energy stored in spring.• Would able to distinguish between the conservative and non conservative forces.• Would able to understand and interpret motion in vertical circle.• Would able to understand different kinds of collsion in

	 Would able to
	develop problem
	solving skills on these
	concept/topics.
	 Would able to
	understand the
	center of mass of two
	particle system,
	momentum
	conservation, center
	of mass motion,
	center of mass of rigid
	body and center of
	mass of uniform rod.
	 Would able to
	understand the
	concept of torque and
	angular momentum
	and able to establish
	relation between
	them.
	 Would able to
	understand
	equilibrium of rigid
	bodies, equation of
	rotational motion.
	 Would able to
	understand the
	moment of inertia
	and its significance
	and determine
	moment of inertia of
	rigid body of different
	shape.
	 Able to state thermo
	of
	parallel/perpendicular
	axes.
	Would able to
	compare between
	rotational and

	translation motion

Month : September

No. of working days : 23

Chapter	Methodology	Learning outcome
No. of Working days : 23 Chapter Unit-6 : gravitation Revision for periodic II	Methodology Lecture/interactive/demonstration	 Would able to state newton law of gravitation and kepler laws of planetry motion. Would able to understand the acceleration due to gravity and its variation with attitude/depth. Would able to distinguish between gravitational potential energy and gravitational potential. Would able to determine the expression for escape velocity, time period of satellite. Would able to understand the geostationary satellite and their application.
		satellite and their

	concept/topics.

Month : October No. of working days : 20

No. of working days : 20		
Chapter	Methodology	Learning outcome
Unit-7 : properties of bulk	Lecture/interactive/demonstration	 Would able to
matter		understand the
		elastic behavior of
		solids, stress-strain
		relationship,
		hooks law.
		Would able to
		define youngs
		modulus, bulk
		modulus, modulus
		of rigidity and
		poission ratio.
		Would able to
		calculate the
		elastic energy.
		Would able to
		define pressure.
		Would able to
		state passcal laws
		and its application.
		Would able to
		define viscosity,
		stokes law,
		terminal velocity.
		Would able to
		distinguish
		between the
		laminar flow,
		stream flow and
		turbulent flow.
		Would able to
		state bernualls
		theorm and its
		application.
L		

	 Would able to define surface tension, surface energy, angle of contact. Would able to calculate the excess pressure inside liquid drop/ soap bubble. Would able to understand capillary and its action.
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Month : November

No. of working days : 19

Chapter	Methodology	Learning outcome
Unit-7 : properties of	Lecture/interactive/PPT/methodology	 Would able to
buk matters		understand the
Unit- 8 : thermo		thermal
dynamics		expansion of
		solid, liquid and
		gases,
		anomalous
		expansion of
		water.
		Would able to
		define specific
		heat capacity, C _P
		and C _{v.}
		 Would able to
		understand the
		principle of
		claorimetery and
		latent heat
		capacity.
		Would able to
		understand the

transfer of heat
though
conduction,
convention and
radiation.
Woulds able to
understand the
concept of black
body, wien
displacement law
and stefans law
and green house
effect.
Would able to
develop problem
solving skills on
these
concept/topics.
Would able to
understand the
concept of
thermal
equilibrium and
define zeroth law
of
thermodyanmics.
Would able to
distinguish
between the
heat, wave and
initernal energy.
Would able to
state first law of
thermo
dynamics,
second law of
thermo dynamics
and understand
their significance.
 Would able to
distinguish

		between the
		isothermal and
		adiabatic
		process,
		reversible and
		irreversible
		process.
	•	Would able to
		understand the
		working of heat
		engine and
		refrigeration.

Month : December No. of working days : 22

Chapter	Methodology	Learning outcome
Unit-9 : kinetic theory of	Lecture/interactive/PPT/methodology	0
gases		 Would able to
Unit- 10 : oscillation and		understand
waves		equation of
		perfect gas,
		assumption of
		kinetic theory of
		gases.
		 Would able to
		establish the
		expression for
		pressure exerted
		on wall of
		container by gas.
		 Would able to
		understand
		kinetic
		interpretation of

temperature,
rms speed of gas.
Would able to
define the
degree of
freedom, law of
equipartion of
energy and apply
it to calculate
specific heat of
gases.
Would able to
understand the
concept of mean
free path,
Avogadro
number.
Would able to
distinguish
between the
periodic motion,
oscillatory
motion and
simple harmonic motion.
Would able to
distinguish
between periodic
function
harmonic
function and able
to find time
period.
Would able to
understand the
concept of
amplitude,
frequency, time
period,
displacement
and phase.

	Would able to
	understand the
	oscillations of
	loaded spring.
	Would able to
	determine KE, PE
	AND TE of
	particle
	executing
	Would able to
	derive expression
	for time period
	of simple
	pendulum.
	 Would able to
	distinguish
	between free,
	forced, damped
	oscillation and
	resonance.
	Would able to
	develop problem
	solving skills on
	these
	concept/topics.Would able to
	understand
	concept of wave
	motion.
	Would able to
	distinguish
	between the
	transverse and
	longitudinal
	waves.
	Would able to
	find speed of
	travelling waves.
	Would able to
	distinguish
	between

1	
	progressive wave
	and standing
	wave.
	Would able to
	understand the
	formation of
	standing wave in
	string and organ
	pipes,
	fundamental
	modes and
	harmonics.
	Would able to
	understand
	concept of beat
	and Doppler
	effect and able
	to find apparent
	frequency.Would able to
	develop problem
	solving skills on
	these
	concept/topics.

Month : January No. of working days : 18

No. of Working duys . 10		
Chapter	Methodology	Learning outcome
Revision for practice paper	Class test/interactive /group discussion	Performance enhancement

11th Class Fashion Studies (Activity) Session 2023-24 Syllabus

Learning Objective

The purpose of the Fashion Studies is to tell the students about the fundamentals of Fashion Design. Fashion Design as a profession includes the entire process of designing and producing fashion apparels from fiber and yarn stage to the finished product. It will give an overview of Fashion Design and elaborate on different aspects like elements of design, history of Fashion, fabrics and understanding of the body pattern development and garment construction. It is a big business and a key driver for several industries.

1st Term

April	Мау	July	August	September
Introduction	Self management skills	lct skills	lct Skills	Printing
Communication skills	Overview of Fashion	Introduction of fabrics, Dyeing and Printing	Design Fundamentals	Dyeing
Elements of design	Collection of swatches	-	-	Textures
Different types of lines	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-

2nd Term

October	November	December	January
Entrepreneurial Skills	Green Skills	Processes of product making	Revision
Design Fundamentals	Materials tools of product making	-	Completion of practical work.
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-

11th Class **Painting** (Activity) Session 2023-24 Syllabus

Learning Objective

The objective is to familiarize the students with the various styles of modes of art expressions from different parts of India. This would enrich their vision and enable them to appreciate and develop an aesthetic sensibility to enjoy the beauty of nature and life. The students will also have an opportunity to observe and study the evolution of its mutations and synthesis with other styles and rise altogether new styles.

1st Term

April	Мау	July	August	September
Theory	Shadangas	Indus Valley Civilisation	Theory	Theory
Practical	Different objects, still life	Fruits and vegetables	Hindu Art	Practical
Introduction of Arts	Pre Historic Period	Composition	Practical	Buddhist Jain Hindu Art
Elements and Principles of Arts	-	-	Birds	Landscape in perspective
Basic Sketching, Lines, Shapes and Forms	-	-	Folk art	_
-	-	-	-	-

2nd Term

October	November	December	January
Theory	Theory	Theory	Theory
Practical	Practical	Practical	Practical
Ajanta Art	Indian Temples and Bronze	Indo-Islamic Architecture	Revision
Trees and Landscapes	Birds or Animals composition	Human Figures and Transport	Completion Of Portfolio
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-

SHORTHAND ENGLISH STENOGRAPHER / EXEXUTIVE ASSISTANT Class: XI Session 2023-24 Syllabus

PART A	EMPLOYABILITY SKILL
APRIL 18 DAYS	Unit -1 Communication Skill
MAY 16 DAYS	Unit -1 Communication Skill
JUNE	Summer Break
JULY 22 DAYS	Unit -2 Self Management Skill
5021 22 8/110	PT -1
	Syllabus :
	Unit -1 Communication Skill
	Unit 2 Self Mangement Skill
August 23 Days	Unit -3 ICI Skill
September	Unit -3 ICI Skills
	Revisioin for Half yearly Examination
	Half Yearly Examination /PT-2
	Syllabus:
	Unit -1 : Communication Skill
	Unit 2: Self Mangement Skill
	Unit3 : ICI Skill
October 20 Days	Unit 4 : Enterpreneurial Skill
November 19 Days	Unit 4 Enterpreneurial Skill
December 22 Days	Unit 5: Green Skill and Revision
	PT-3
	Syllabus –
	Unit 4: Entrepreneurial Skill
	Unit 5 Green Skill
January 18 Days	Revision and Practice Exam Preparation
	Practice Exam
	Syllabus
	Unit 1 : Communication Skill
	Unit 3 : ICI Skill
	Unit 4 : Enterpreneurial Skill
February 15 Days	Revision for Final Examination
	Syllabus :
	Whole Syllabus
PART B	Subject Specific Skill
APRIL 18 DAYS	Unit -1 Introduction to stenography
	Unit -2 Consonant and their joining
MAY 16 DAYS	Unit -3 Vowel , Dipthonge and Triphones , Grammalogues and punctuation
	signs
JUNE	Summer Break
JULY 22 DAYS	Unit -4 : Alternative Forms of 'R" and 'H' abbreviated 'W" , phraseography
	and tict 'the'

1
PT-1
Syllabus:
Unit -1 Introduction to stenography
Unit -2 Consonants and their Joining
Unit -3 : Vowels Dipthongs and Triphones , Grammalogues and Punctuation
Signs
Unit 5 Circles and Loops
Unit 5 Circle and Loops and Revision for PT 2
Half yearly Examination /pt2
Syllabus
Unit -1 Introduction to stenography
Unit -2 Consonants and their joining
Unit -3 Vowels, Dipthonge and Triphone Grammalogue and Punctuation
Signs
Unit -4 Alternative Form of 'R'and 'H 'abbreviated 'W', Phraseography and
Tick 'the'
Unit 5 Circle and Loops
Unit 6 : Hooks (Initial and Final)
Unit 7 : Halving Principle and Doubling Principal
Unit 8 : Compound consonants Dot and Tick 'H'
PT3
Syllabus
Unit -7 Halving principle and Doubling Principle
Unit -8 Compound Consonants Dot and Tick 'H'
Revision and Practice Examination
Practice Examination
Syllabus
Unit 6: Hooks (Initial and Final)
Unit 7 : Halving Principle and Doubling Principle
Unit 8 : Compound Consonants Dot and Tick 'H'
Revision for final Examination
Revision for final Examination Syllabus : Whole Syllabus Note :
Syllabus : Whole Syllabus Note :
Syllabus : Whole Syllabus Note : 1. Practical practicer will be initiated as per the requirement /
Syllabus : Whole Syllabus Note :

OFFICE PROCEDURES AND PRACTICALS CLASS - XI

Part A	Employability Skill
April 18 days	Unit -1 Communication Skill
May 16 days	Unit -1 Communication Skill continued
June	Summer Break
July 22 days	Unit -2 Self Management Skill
	PT -1 (20 Marks)
	Syllabus : Unit -1 Communication Skill
	Unit – 2 Self Management Skill
August 23 days	Unit -3 ICI Skill
September 23	Unit -3 ICI Skill continued
days	Revision for half yearly examination
	Half Yearly Examination (50 marks)PT-2
	Syllabus : Unit I Communication Skill
	Unit II Self Management Skill
	Unit III ICI skill
October 20	Unit -4 Entrepreneurial Skill
Days	
November 19	Unit -4 Entrepreneurial Skill continued
Days	
December 22	Unit -5 Green Skill and Revision
Days	Pt -3 (20 Marks)
	Syllabus – unit 4 and 5
January 18	Revision and Practice Exam Preparation
Days	Practice Exam (20 Marks)
	Syllabus: Unit 1 Communication Skill
	Unit 3 ICI Skill
	Unit 4 Entrepreneurial Skill
February 15	Revision for Final examination
Days	
Part B	SUBJECT SPECIFIC SKILLS
April 18 Days	Unit -1 Introduction of office , office Manager,
	organizational charts and Manuals
May 16 Days	Unit -4 Communication
June	SUMMER VACATIONS
July 22 Days	Unit -2 Office – Space and Environment
	Management
	PT-1
	Syllabus : Unit -1 : Introduction of Office , Office
	Manager
	Unit 2 : Office – Space and Environment
	Management
	Unit -4 : Communication
August 23 Days	Unit -3 Office Form and Stationary

Contombor 22	Unit -5: Office Machines
September 23	Half yearly Examination /PT
Days	
	Syllabus : Unit 1 : introduction of office , Office
	Manages Organizational Charts
	and Manuals
	Unit 2 : Office space and Environment
	Management
	Unit 3: Office Forms and Stationery
	Unit 4: Communication
October 20	Unit 6: Correspondence – Business and
Days	Government
November 19	Unit 6: Correspondence e – Business and
Days	Government continued
December 22	Practice of Correspondence – like official letters,
Days	demi Official letters, Memorandum, Notification ,
	Office Order, Circulars etc continued.
	PT-2 Practice Examination
	Syllabus : Unit 5 : Office Machines
	Unit 6 : Correspondence
	Business and Government
January 18	Revision and Practice Examination Preparation
Days	Practice Examination
,	Syllabus : Unit 6: Correspondence – Business and
	Government
February 15	Revision for Final Examination
Days	Whole Syllabus
, .	Note :
	1. Practical practice will also be initiated as
	per the requirement / demand of the
	respective topics in Part A as well as Part
	B i.e. Employability skill and subject
	specific skill.
	2. Project work will be done as per the
	syllabus